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WHOLE NO. 1938.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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RUBBER

STAMPS

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

ARTIST H. VOS

Expected to Arrive Here By the S. S. Australia.

A PAINTER OF WIDE FAME

Famous for His Portrait Work. Some of His Subjects—Wife a Hawaiian Lady—His Career.

Hubert Vos, the distinguished Dutch portrait painter who was Royal Commissioner of Fine Arts at the Columbian Exposition, is expected to arrive on the Australia this morning, in company with his wife, who was the beautiful Miss Coney of this city. How long a stay he will make here depends upon the work it will be necessary for him to do. It is his intention to make a tour of these Islands, painting types



HUBERT VOS.

of beauty. From here he will proceed on his way around the world, accompanied by Mrs. Vos, returning to Paris for the Exposition in 1900.

Hubert Vos is one of the five or six foremost portrait painters of modern times. The list of portraits he has painted is very long and includes, from the little queen of his own country down to the street arab-examples of all kinds of humanity. In the United States his brush has been particularly active. Among the prominent men and women of that country, he has painted many portraits, always gaining from them their perfect satisfaction with the work. In San Francisco for the past two or three months he has been busy with many orders, some from San Francisco and others from various parts of the States. Among the most widely known of the portraits he has painted in the United States are the following: A large full length of George Washington for the Council room of the New York Clearing House; ex-Secretary of State Richard Olney for the State Department and another of the same for the Department of Justice; ex-Minister Robert T. Lincoln; Senator Calvin S. Brice; several members of the Diplomatic Corps in Washington; the last and most successful portrait of Mother McKinley and a score of the foremost ladies of the inner circles of society of the principal cities of the United States.

Hubert Vos' honors and titles are numerous. He is an honorary member of the Royal Belgian Society of Water Colorists; a member of the Royal British Artists and of the British Society of Portrait Painters; a medalist of the International Fine Arts Exposition of Amsterdam, Brussels, Munich, Paris, Dresden, etc.; associate member of the Societe Nationale des Beaux Arts de France. He is best known of the Holland school of modern painters. He has received honors and decorations from many of the crowned heads of Europe and has borne off the highest medals in the salons where he has exhibited. He was appointed court painter of The Hague and was knighted by little Queen Wilhelmine in 1894.

With America he is delighted. Although he paid but one visit to that country previous to the one he has just completed, he has made it a point to inform himself on all questions of vital interest to the country and to become acquainted with the people. It was said by one of his intimate friends that Hubert Vos possessed the distinction of knowing more people in the United States than any other European and of being more familiar with the principal cities of the United States than most Americans.

His career is an interesting study. He was born of cultured and aristocratic parentage in that ancient little military town of Maastricht, Holland, in 1855. At twelve years of age he painted the portraits of two members of the Jesuit College near him. One of his ancestors, Hugo de Vos, was a great artist and a companion of Rembrandt. Hubert Vos' mother was strongly opposed to his becoming an artist. "A painter! Pshaw! my son,

a painter is a penniless vagabond," she said. "No son of mine shall become a painter. Look at Jan Van Stan and Maghem, both painters and both always half starved. No, no; my boy." Therefore all that he did when a child, excepting the portraits mentioned above, was done away from home on Sundays out in the open air. Not until he was twenty-six years old did he adopt the calling of an artist. He received as much as \$5,000 for his portraits, therefore his mother's prediction has been by no means verified.

Mr. Vos was first a daring journalist, who edited several papers and managed a publishing house. Preparatory to his work as an artist he studied anatomy at a Brussels hospital, then entered the Academy of Design in that city, refused to work from casts, but began directly in the life class, where he soon distanced his colleagues. From Brussels he went to Paris, then through the south of Europe, then returning to Holland was made court painter. A dozen or so years ago, determining to leave Europe for an indefinite period he set sail for America, but stopping in London, was so pleased with English life that he opened a studio and a school there, soon obtaining eighty pupils, many of exceptional talent and ability. For eight years he divided his time between painting and teaching, and became known far and wide as one of the famous artists and teachers of Europe. He obtained first place in the Royal Society of British Artists. He has not, like Alma-Tadema, become naturalized, but clings to his native country.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S SPEECH.

He Defines Government's Policy Toward West Indies.

LIVERPOOL, January 18.—The Chamber of Commerce gave a banquet tonight in honor of St. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain who made an important and vigorous speech on England's commercial relations. He said that Great Britain had been accused of having a "mania" but since the great powers had been bitten by the same "mania" the "German empire had increased six-fold and the French fourfold, while England has only added a modest third to her colonial empire."

Mr. Chamberlain reviewed at length the West Indian question and the report of the royal commission thereon. He said the bounty system had ruined the West Indies but had brought an estimated yearly gain of £2,000,000 to Great Britain. He believed that the country was generous and just enough to remedy this crying injustice. One of the objections to countervailing duties was that while the trade they wished to save amounted to 260,000 tons, Great Britain's own sugar imports amounted to 1,500,000.

In view of these figures Mr. Chamberlain said it would be unscientific to benefit the former by injuring the latter, therefore, until the recommendations of the commission could be adopted, it had been decided to propose to Parliament a very large grant in aid of the West Indies to "enable the industry and the population to tide over a crisis until Continental nations recognize the impolicy of the bounty system." Mr. Chamberlain believed that the relief measure would stimulate the sugar industry and tend to the ultimate prosperity of the colony.

PASTOR PUZZLED.

How a Slight-of-Hand Man Played a Joke in a Church.

Many years ago, when the Hon. Joseph Marsden lived on Hawaii, he attended church, on Sunday morning, in Hilo. Mr. Marsden was noted for his skill in legerdemain. When Dr. passed around the contribution bag at a Sunday service, Mr. Marsden held up a ten dollar gold piece, between his thumb and forefinger, so that Dr. could plainly see it. He then placed his hand over the bag, palmed the gold piece and dropped in a silver quarter. Dr. returned to the table with his collection. After the service he emptied the bag on a table, but could not find the ten dollar gold piece. He shook the bag repeatedly, turned over the small pile of contributions, got down on the floor and looked under the table, walked down the aisle, looking closely at the cracks in the floor, felt in his own pockets, fearing that he had made some mistake, and then went home wondering at the strange loss of the gold piece.

Some time afterwards, the deceiver quietly sent the gold piece to the church.

Hunted on Kauai.

The smiling, sunburned face of Alex. St. M. Mackintosh was in evidence again at the Foreign Office in the Executive Building yesterday. The young man has been having a vacation of a fortnight with his friends on Kauai. Put in most of the time hunting and

had the pleasure for one thing of killing a fine wild bull with a splendid pair of horns. Miss Mabel Hart joined the hunters on one occasion and being an experienced rider and a fine shot laid low a fierce wild bull.

CYCLES VS. CARRIAGES.

Wheel Factors Believe They Have a Grievance.

All the cycle liveryies were closed on Sunday by order of the Marshal. The wheel factors are up in arms. They claim that they are discriminated against in favor of the livery stable men. Sunday is the very best day with the bicycle renting establishments. Usually the receipts for letting wheels on Sunday are more than for any four days of the week and often for more than the entire week. One wheel house however, has always remained closed on the Sabbath. But the others are very much worked up over the matter and will take positive measures at once.

The cycle factors who propose to act will inquire why the horse liveryies and hacks are not offending on Sundays to the same extent as their bicycle rental places. If the authorities fail to see the situation in this same light or continue to insist by action that there is a difference, the cycle people who are out for a defense will want to know all the whys and wherefores and have already engaged counsel to assist them in their investigations.

One of the cycle men in conversation with a reporter for this paper yesterday complained most bitterly of what he termed a rank injustice to the men who have gone into the wheel business on a large scale with the expectation of being permitted to conduct a livery business without any more restriction than the horse stables have labored under since the blue laws went out of date.

Exports for 1897.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—According to statistics at the Treasury Department, the value of exports by the United States for the calendar year 1897 aggregated \$1,100,000,000, an increase of \$93,000,000 over any preceding year. Another record was smashed with the trade balance of \$356,000,000 in favor of Uncle Sam, the highest point ever reached in the history of this country.

Exports for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1897, were valued at \$1,032,000,000, thus furnishing a third record, for the top notch prior to these figures was reached in 1892, when the exports amounted to \$1,015,000,000. Breadstuffs furnished the bulk of the exportations in every instance.

NEW YORK, January 18.—A telegram received in this city from Mrs. Reginald de Koven, who is in Alken, S. C., with her husband, brings the news that the latter is lying at the point of death in that city from an attack of gastric fever. Mr. and Mrs. de Koven left this city about a week ago, hoping that the Southern atmosphere would benefit the well known composer, who had just undergone a very delicate operation and was in a debilitated condition.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—The Senate Committee on Finance voted today to report the Teller resolution declaring for the payment of the national bonds in silver dollars as well as in gold. The vote stood 8 to 5. The resolution is practically the same as the Stanley Matthews resolution adopted some years ago.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—Senator Platt of New York today introduced a bill providing for the withholding of pensions from the ex-soldiers employed in civil service positions under the laws favoring them for such positions in cases where the salary exceeds \$1,200 per annum.

LONDON, January 18.—Signor Nicolini, the husband of Adalina Patti is dead.

The Auditor III.

There were rumors about town for an hour or so yesterday morning that the payment of salaries by the Government had been postponed. This was a mistake. The fact is that Auditor Henry Laws was confined to his home by a severe attack of his old enemy asthma. The pay rolls must be vied by Mr. Laws and for this purpose they had to be taken to his residence. The delay was slight. Mr. Laws is expected to be all right again in a few days.

From everywhere come words of praise for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. "Allow me to congratulate you on the merits of your Remedy. It cured me of chronic bronchitis when the doctor could do nothing for me."—CHAS. F. HEMEL, Toledo, O. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

A PASTOR RETIRES

The Rev. D. P. Birnie Sends in His Resignation.

HE WILL LEAVE HAWAII

Makes a Statement to the Congregation—Declines to Give Further Reasons—Good Work Here.

Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, January 30, 1898.

To the Central Union Church.

Three years ago at your call, I turned aside from my work in Boston, resigned my pastorate of the Allston Church, and accepted your invitation to be your minister.

On March 17, 1895, I began my work with you. A few weeks later I was formally installed by council.

The charge which was committed to me I now return.

No term of service was mentioned, either in your call or in my acceptance, therefore, the initiative rests with the pastor.

In order that the work of the church may receive the least possible interruption, and that you may have ample time to secure my successor, I will name Monday, July 25, 1898, as the date on which my resignation shall take effect.

This I do not under the influence of hasty impulse, but after careful thought and earnest prayer.

In view of all the circumstances, I do not feel that it is my duty longer to bear the responsibility of leadership in the work of this church.

I am mindful of the kind help and courtesy which members of the church have manifested to me and mine. I deeply appreciate the cheer and aid which have come to me from the members of this congregation, whose presence here is proof of their interest in spiritual life. Nor do I lose sight of the confidence and co-operation which I have invariably received from all classes and parties in the city.

Greatly have I enjoyed the intelligent sympathy shown by the young men in my efforts to carry the spirit of Christ into the current life and thought of the community.

In this pulpit there has been neither personal nor political discussion, and in my pastoral work my purpose has been to serve the people without regard to their differences.

My sincere prayer is that our Father who has guided us in our work for Him, may keep you in unity and harmony, that He may increase your strength and add to your numbers, and that the coming year under other leadership may bring spiritual blessings hitherto unknown to these Islands and this church.

Your Minister in Christ,

DOUGLAS PUTNAM BIRNIE.

I hereby ask that a meeting of the church be called as soon as the rules will permit, to take action upon this letter and also to appoint a committee to co-operate with the Pastor in calling a Council and to request the Council to formally dissolve the Pastoral relation.

The foregoing was read by Rev. D. P. Birnie to his congregation at Central Union church yesterday morning and came as a complete surprise. There had not been an inkling of it in advance. With surprise there was also deep and genuine regret.

A representative of this paper found Rev. Mr. Birnie at home yesterday afternoon. He said he had no statement whatever to make as to reasons for leaving the charge beyond what was contained in the resignation. Mr. Birnie added that some time ago he had given a sermon on the "Grace of Silence." He hoped to be blessed with the grace of silence in this matter and would not under any circumstance supplement the letter to the congregation. He hoped there would be no gossip. Certainly so far as he was concerned there would not be the slightest trace of controversy. He had given ample time that a successor might be chosen and with his family would return to the United States in August. In this interview, Mr. Birnie was direct and plain as usual.

Mr. Birnie has been very well liked here and has been a successful pastor of the Central Union. Under his leadership the church has thrived and has grown. There has been no hint of friction that might amount to anything. A few months ago it was whispered that the pastor had asked for an 1898 vacation that would include a visit of himself and Mrs. Birnie to the States and that the request had been denied. This story was mentioned to Mr. Birnie and he said it would be classed with all others that might gain currency. His reasons were in his letter.

During the three years Mr. Birnie has been here he has shown special talent for organization and for carry-

ing forward plans for church auxiliary work. He assisted materially in setting up the Palama chapel and organized the Young Men's Research club. Mr. Birnie has not been "Parkhurst," but has done an immense amount of quiet, effective work. In all his operations he has been ably seconded by Mrs. Birnie. Mr. Birnie came to the Islands under the pressure of the representation that it was a call to duty and left Boston at a personal sacrifice. He happens to be independent of his salary as a minister. Mr. Birnie has always had large congregations at the Central Union. His Sunday evening talks have found particular favor.

The resignation will be accepted within a fortnight and the work of securing a new pastor will be taken up without delay.

CHINESE-ENGLISH.

Annual Dinner of This Very Successful Society.

The annual feast of the Chinese-English Debating Society in celebration of the Chinese new year, was given in the Sun Yun Wo building on Hotel street Saturday afternoon. Counting guests and members of the society, there were present some 50 in all. These were seated at small tables set about in the large hall on the second floor.

The feast was a most elaborate one, there being a dozen or more courses. The inner man satisfied, Chang Kim proposed the health of Wong Kwai, the assistant Chinese Commercial agent, who congratulated the society on its success and expressed the hope for continued blessings. Other speakers were Frank Damon who spoke in both Chinese and English, Chang Kim, the president of the debating society, Wong Wa Foy, C. K. Ai, Tom Dow, W. Y. Afong, Sin Chu and a representative of the Advertiser.

The second part of the dinner was served at 7 o'clock. This consisted in some nine more courses.

The Chinese-English Debating Society was organized in 1892. In December of 1894, the members, now 71 in number, moved into their hall. The live questions of the day form the topics for debate, carried on in both English and Chinese. The society is growing rapidly. New life has been instilled and a most prosperous year is looked for.

TONIGHT'S CONCERT.

An Attractive Program for Y. M. C. A. Benefit.

The following excellent program has been arranged by Wray Taylor for the concert at the Y. M. C. A. hall this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. Tickets are 25 cents and can be obtained at the door this evening:

Y. M. C. A. March.....Wray Taylor
Amateur Orchestra.
Song—One heart divine.....Rosewig
Mr. J. H. Wideman.
Piano solo.....Selected
Miss Alice Rice.
Song—Your voice.....DeKoven
Mrs. E. D. Tenney.
Violin obligato by Mr. B. I. Marx.
Gavotte—Bijou.....Tobani
Amateur Orchestra.
Recitation—How Ruby played.....
Miss Stella Love.
Song—Selected.....
Mr. A. A. Macurda.
Schottische—Plekin on de ole banjo.....
Dinsmere
Amateur Orchestra.
Mandolin solo—Ideal serenade.Sanche
Mr. C. R. Frazier.
Humorous reading.....Selected
Mr. R. J. Penn.
E. N. Overture.....Isenman
Amateur Orchestra.

Adjutant and Captain.

Louis Kenake, who is at present adjutant of the First Battalion, First Regiment, N. G. H., will be elected captain this evening of Co. B, where he was serving as first lieutenant when made a staff officer with the same rank. Maj. J. W. Jones has selected as successor to Lieutenant Kenake for adjutant of the First Battalion, Sergt. Maj. C. M. V. Foster, who is an old B man, an excellent soldier and worthy promotion and a commission. Major Jones had several applicants for the place, but upon consultation with his line officers and considering the service and merits of Mr. Foster, placed the appointment as stated.

Mr. Richards Resigns.

It is announced that Prof. Theo. Richards, so long the successful principal of Kamehameha Manual Training School is to retire. He will enter upon a business life in the city. Prof. Richards sent his resignation to the trustees Saturday, but no action has been taken upon it as yet.

The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Board of Missions, will take place this afternoon, at 2 o'clock in Central Union church. Notice this change of time.

BEST RACES YET

Series of Exciting Events at
Cyclomere Park.

MANOA HURT IN A SPILL

Amateurs and Professionals Make
the Pace Warm—Giles and
Johnson Doing Well.

What was undoubtedly the most successful series of bicycle events at Cyclomere park since the place was first thrown open to the public, was that of Saturday night when, although the crowd, about 1,500 in all, was smaller than upon several previous occasions, the enthusiasm and interest in the separate races was at a high pitch. From all over the grandstand could be heard words of encouragement to the various riders by their respective sympathizers as they whizzed past the judges stand. It was, "Go it Martin," "Hit her up Sylvia," "Catch 'em Damon," "Push her lively Giles," "You're all sound Cornwell," or other remarks of a similar nature. Miss Kanoho's solos were excellently sung.

The setting of a time limit on the races, was a good stroke of the promoter. There was no such loading as in previous events at Cyclomere and this, necessitating good lively racing, produced a most favorable effect upon the spectators.

Then there was the band, Professor Berger and his boys never did better. Lively airs between the races and quick music at the finish, served to add the finishing touch to the pleasure and excitement of the evening. As the boys came down the home stretch and the music struck up, ladies leaned out of their boxes and waved their hands in perfect delight.

In vain were heard the shouts, "Down in front." No one heeded them and, in fact, the very people who gave vent to these expressions, were themselves forced to stand.

The riders themselves seemed to be filled with the same spirit shown by the audience and rode at the greatest speed they possibly could.

The evening's races began with the first heat of the two-thirds miles open, amateur. In this, H. Giles took first place, Cornwell second and Eakin third. Time, 1:47 flat. In the second heat, Damon came in first with A. Giles second and Treadway third. Time, 1:42 2-5. Henry Giles took the final heat with his brother Arthur second and Cornwell, a coming rider, third. Time, 1:41 2-5.

The first heat of the mile, open, professional, was perhaps the prettiest race of the evening. Martin and Terrill were close together all the way. Coming down the home stretch, Martin made a phenomenal spurt and Terrill was unable to catch him. Martin won in 2:34 2-5 and Terrill came in about a second behind. Sylvester was third. Jones, Whitman, Johnson and Sylvia were in the second heat. The finish was a very close one, Jones taking first, Sylvia second and Johnson third. Time, 2:30 4-5. Johnson is doing very splendidly. On the last lap of this race, Whitman fell and smashed his wheel very badly.

A time limit of 2:30 was set for the final heat. Sylvia came in first by a nose. Terrill took second and Martin third. Time, 2:47. No race.

The announcement was made that the final of this race would be run over again as the time limit had not been made. Terrill and Johnson remained out. The race was a good one, a dead heat between Jones and Martin resulting. Time, 2:36 flat. The referee stated that as each man had done a fair share of pacing the starter and had made it a good event, he would call it a race.

In the mile handicap, amateur, the first heat was won by Eakin in 2:35. Cowes came in second and Cornwell third. In the second heat, Treadway finished first in 2:26 4-5. Young Higgins was second and A. Giles third.

In the final heat Cowes won first honors, Giles second and Treadway third. Time, 2:45 4-5.

A great deal of interest was shown in the half mile handicap, professional. The entries were: Jones, 15 yards; Sylvia, 25 yards; Martin, 45; Whitman, 55; Sylvester, 65. Terrill and Johnson did not enter. On the second lap, Sylvia fell and cut himself in several places on his body. Dr. King attended to his injuries. Jones fell over Sylvia but did not hurt himself any. This left but three men in the race. Martin won first place by a fine spurt. Whitman was a close second and Sylvester third.

Jones' pedal cut Sylvia's back quite seriously and the Sylvia-Martin match set for Wednesday night is necessarily postponed.

Terrill withdrew from the repeat final of the mile professional on the ground of not being in condition. He then wanted to protest the declaration of a race, but was overruled and declared he would not ride again on the track. As a matter of fact Terrill has been a sick man ever since he landed and is not in anything like his racing form.

Young Business Men.

There is considerable talk just now amongst those who would naturally be supposed to be most interested in the subject of a "Young Business Men's Club." The plan is for an or-

ganization with rooms down town. It is not the intention to enter the lists in opposition to any existing organization. The purpose will be to bring the young business men of the city together for mutual benefit. The members would meet socially at lunch and in the afternoons and evenings and would have a library. Frequently older members of the business community would be invited to deliver addresses to the young men.

SOME SHIPMENTS.

Maui Plantations Sending Sugar.
Cold Weather.

(Special Correspondence).

MAUI, January 29.—The February meeting of the Makawao Literary Society will be held at the residence of J. W. Colville, Esq., of Paia, next Friday evening, February 4th.

The Ladies' Thursday Club of Makawao met at the residence of Dr. P. J. Aiken, Paia, during the afternoon of the 27th.

Mrs. R. B. Hayes of San Francisco is a guest at Kaluanui.

During the 24th, the bark Nuuanu, W. L. Josselin master, arrived in Honolulu, 6 days from Honolulu. She will load sugar from Wailuku and Spreckelsville plantations.

Today, the schooner Mary Winkelman, Beneche master, departed for San Francisco, loaded with Paia and Haiku sugar. Wm. Highy was the only passenger.

The weather is very cold.

ODD FELLOWS.

Pleasant Gathering at Harmony
Hall—Presentation.

The dance in the Odd Fellow's hall on King street, Saturday night, was attended by about a hundred people. Music was furnished by a club of seven native boys. A very enjoyable time was spent by every one.

One of the features of the evening was the presentation to Brother Dalton of Salem, Mass., of a fine koa cane with gold handle and Hawaiian silver quarter of a dollar tip by the Daughters of Rebekah and a combination regalia collar of P. G. and P. C. P. by the Odd Fellows. These, presented by H. H. Williams, D. D. G. S., were given Mr. Dalton in appreciation of his assistance to the lodge and his regular attendance at the meetings.

Another feature was the old men's dance in which several of the gray heads took part.

DR. WEDDICK.

Farewell Party for Doctor and
Wife at Ewa.

A farewell dance to Dr. and Mrs. Weddick was given in the plantation hall at Ewa, Saturday night. There were about 25 people present and dancing was kept up until midnight when light refreshments were served. A number of the Quintette Club furnished the music.

The giving of the dance shows how the people of Ewa feel toward Dr. Weddick and his wife. They are most sorry to lose them. Dr. Weddick has resigned from Ewa for the purpose of coming to Honolulu to practice.

KAUAI.

Complete Report on Sugar and
the Weather—S. S. Hall.

The W. G. Hall came in as usual from Kauai ports on Sunday. The purser makes the following report: Waimoe through grinding, will not start up again until April. Niihau very rough. Landed part of passengers and freight at Kil. Had to leave on account of rough weather, at Nani, landed the remainder of passengers and freight. Weather commencing to moderate on Kauai. Kilauea good for the last two days. Total of 29,650 bags of sugar left on Kauai and distributed as follows: K. S. M., 800; Diamond W., 850; Mak., 2,000; K. P., 3,800; H. M., 5,000; L. P., 6,200; M. S. Co., 16,000; K. S. Co., 11,000. E. L. P., no communication.

A GOOD LETTER.

From the Clerk of the Circuit Court.

Fernandina, Fla., Feb. 28, 1896.
Mr. J. George Suhrer, Druggist, City.

Dear George:—Please send a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I would not feel easy if I knew there was none of this valuable Remedy in the house. I have given it a fair test and consider it one of the very best remedies for croup that I have ever found. One dose has always been sufficient, although I use it freely. Any cold my children contract yields very readily to this medicine. I can conscientiously recommend it for croup and colds in children.

Yours respectfully, GEO. E. WOLFF.
Sold by all druggists and dealers.
Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

Tickets are selling rapidly for the concert at the Y. M. C. A. hall tomorrow, Tuesday evening, commencing at 8 o'clock. A splendid program has been managed which will be opened and closed by the amateur orchestra. The admission is only 25 cents.

SCRYMSER OFFERS

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and Japan—Settlement of
Germany's Claims.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—Jas. A. Scrymser, president of the Pacific Cable Company, appeared before the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce today to advocate a contract with the United States, which he said would not call for a subsidy, whereby the company would transmit all official messages for \$175,000 per year for 20 years from San Francisco, to Hawaii, China and Japan, with a proposition to extend it to Australia for \$75,000 additional per year.

He said that during the Venezuelan trouble it had cost the Government \$5,000 for one diplomatic message, and no one knew what the Government's aggregate expense was in this connection. It would take 8,000 miles of cable from San Francisco to Honolulu. He was sharply questioned by the committee as to the monopolistic features of his proposition. He said his company was responsible and had experience to do what they proposed.

SETTLED WITH GERMANY.

The Terms On Which China Finally
Pays Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, January 18.—A cable dispatch has just been received at the Chinese Legation from the Tsung Li Yamen, Peking, to the following effect:

"A settlement of the difficulty with Germany has been effected. Kiaochow bay is to be leased, including a belt surrounding the bay extending 100 li (about thirty miles) to the boundary. The German troops outside the prescribed limits are to be drawn. Two of the culprits charged with the murder of missionaries are to be punished with death, and the rest with imprisonment. Permission will be granted for the building of churches in the cities of Tsi-Ning, Tsao Chow-Fu and Chu-Yeh, and dwelling houses for the missionaries in the seven places in the districts of Tsao-Hien and Shan-Hien will be erected, for which purpose a sum of 275,000 taels will be allowed. This amount is also to be taken as a compensation for the killing of the missionaries. The sanction of the throne to the above."

ENGLAND'S ATTITUDE.

Even At Cost of War China's Trade
Must Be Kept.

LONDON, January 18.—The country generally is greatly pleased by an announcement made by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, at Swansea last night, in which he echoed the previous declarations of Mr. Balfour at Manchester of the Indian policy of the Government, and added that the Ministers were determined, even at the cost of war, that the Chinese commerce should not be closed to Great Britain.

SEALING MATTER CLOSED.

Great Britain Again Declines to Take
Up the Matter.

LONDON, January 18.—Great Britain has again declined to reopen the sealing question. It seems that her previous refusal gave as its reason that while negotiations were pending between the United States and Canada, Great Britain could not reopen the matter. To this the United States replied that no negotiations were pending and renewed the request. But the Foreign Office sends its regrets that the Government does not see its way to reopen the question.

Stole a Store.

On Saturday, Ah Choy Chun was caught in a store in Chinatown, recently occupied by Wong Leong, the rich rice planter. The store has not been occupied for a long time. Ah Choy Chun happened to have a key to fit the door and took possession. Information was sent the owner and, when he and a police officer entered the place, Ah Choy Chun was found in full possession. He was arrested but released later on bail.

A large crowd was gathered at the Oceanic wharf early yesterday afternoon watching the diving of a middle aged native in the search after a lot of coal dropped by the Warrimoo on her last trip to this port. It was evident that the native did not gather much of the Warrimoo's coal. For nearly all the pieces he brought to the surface were covered with barnacles. It is getting so now that whenever a foreign steamer comes into port there are always some natives standing on the wharves watching where the coal happens to fall. After putting some kind of a mark on the wharf, they return to their homes and "go down to the sea" next day with a bag and an assistant. In the work of gathering coal from the bottom of the harbor, some of the natives make quite a little money.



LARNEY DENNIS, THE BABY PREACHER.
Dennis is only about four years old, but he calls himself a "shouting Methodist," and each day preaches to neighbors who call at his father's home. He is a mulatto and was born on Christmas day, 1893. He has a wonderful knowledge of the Bible.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO.

DEALERS IN

Hardware

—And—

General Merchandise.

Agents for the Vacuum Oil Co.

OF ROCHESTER, N. Y.

The fact that the sales of VACUUM OILS have been More Than Double during the past quarter than for any quarter since they were introduced here some years ago, is a proof that they maintain their uniform excellence and superiority over other lubricants.

The Improved Aluminum Cane Knife

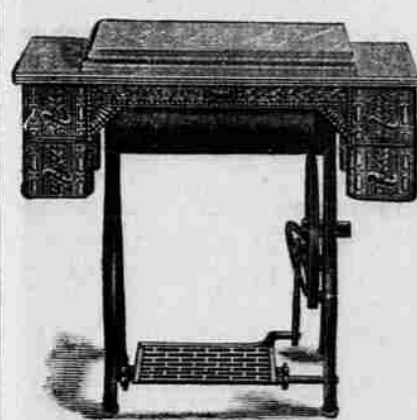
Has proved to be just what the Planters have been looking for. New Goods in all lines by late arrivals. A full assortment of

PLOWS.

We Don't Want Your Money!

Your Promise to Pay

A LITTLE EVERY MONTH is what we would like.



BUY A SEWING MACHINE

On the Instalment Plan.
We are Sole Agents for
the two Best Makes, viz:

"WHEELER & WILSON"
AND THE "DOMESTIC."

Both of which we Guarantee.

All kinds of Machine Needles and Machine
Parts kept in stock or imported
to order.

Honolulu.

L. B. KERR, Sole Agent.

California Fertilizer Works

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MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS
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Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, & FERTILIZERS,
NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,
FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Fish, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market. The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

Cheap AND Powerful.

A walk through most any section of this city at night when all is still will cause anyone to wonder why more sickness does not exist. The obnoxious odors from defective sewerage and many other causes ought to be overcome and that at once.

5 CENTS A GALLON.

Look after your cess-pools, water closets and garbage barrels. They are fever producers. Keep them free from offensive odors.

It saves doctor's bills.

ODORLESS AND HARMLESS.

Much simpler and more convenient than Chloride of Lime, Carbolic Acid and many other disinfectants. Used in all the prominent Hospitals and Public Buildings throughout the United States.

PURIFY THE STUFF.

Sold in any quantity from 25 cents upwards. Give it a trial.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

Sole Agents.

TIMELY TOPICS

January 21, 1898.

Your lawns and grass plots will soon be needing attention, so we tell you this week of our stock of

Red Velvet Hose

which we have in 1-2, 3-4 and 1-inch sizes. It is impossible to break or kink, and will outlast any two of the ordinary kinds. You can hardly cut it with a knife. We have also

Hose Reels

by the use of which the life of your hose can be lengthened almost indefinitely. The

CALIFORNIA

Lawn Sprinkler,

after all others have been tried is the best one: They have to come back to it. The last thing you will need to complete your outfit is a good lawn mower, and every one knows that the

Pennsylvania

is the best.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

Limited.

307 FORT STREET,

BOTANIC GARDENS

A Beginning Made On the Moanalua Estate.

MINISTER DAMON'S PLAN

Had the Thought for Many Years.
Director From Royal Botanical
Gardens—A Pleasing Future.

Some day Honolulu will have as one of its features the Damon Botanic Gardens at Moanalua. This is one of the best places in the whole world for such an adjunct to the life and cultivation of the people. All varieties of flowers and plants and trees and vines, from all zones and all climes flourish in the islands with intelligent care. Moanalua valley is easily accessible at present from the city and the beautiful estate is owned by a son of Hawaii who has long cherished thoughts of the time when he would be able to tender to the public the pleasure and general benefit to be derived from a botanic garden worth the name.

In an interview yesterday, Minister Damon said that since he had come into possession of the Moanalua ranch some 12 years ago he had constantly given some attention to this project. While the place is now beautiful and attractive he considers the enterprise to be merely in an early experimental stage and at this date he is still engaged with his means and his personal attention upon what he is pleased to call preliminary work. In every detail and particular of the botanic garden idea, Mr. Damon has the sympathy and co-operation of Mrs. Damon, who is quite an enthusiast in the matter.

The botanic garden work proper is now under the supervision of Donald McIntyre, a graduate of the Royal Botanical Gardens of Edinburgh, where he served for seven years, going then to the estate from which he was secured by Mr. Damon upon recommendation of Dr. Balfour, director of the Edinburgh gardens. The latter place is one of three supported by the British Government. One garden of the other two is in Ireland and the third to be mentioned brings out the name of the famous Kew gardens. Both Kew and Edinburgh as well as many famous private and public gardens have been visited by Mr. Damon in his own interest for the Honolulu gardens. The British system is earnest and business like. Young men are taken as students at these gardens and are taught scientifically and practically and they are always wanted for positions at home or abroad immediately upon finishing the course. Graduates of these three various gardens are in charge of gardens, grounds, estates, parks, etc., all over the world. Several of them have lately gone out to China and Japan. A number are in Africa and a very large contingent in the United States.

Mr. Damon has definite plans that he does not care to disclose at this time. Part of the scheme of ornamentation in Moanalua will be a road from the public thoroughfare mauka to the head of the valley. The view all along is charming. There will be many pretty sights seaward. In the botanic gardens proper will be collections of growing and flowering things from all quarters of the globe. These will be for the pleasure of the sight-seer as well as for the use of the student and the advanced investigator. The gardens cannot but earn in a very short time an international reputation. There will be exchanges with all the great gardens. The grounds in Moanalua, owned together as they are with the water by Mr. Damon, are capable of being handled to advantage that is lacking in many of the gardens now best known.

Reference was made by Mr. Damon to some of the estates he had seen in England and to others he had heard of with acres upon acres of hot houses. The conservatory area here need not be so extensive as in cold countries, but it will be ample for botanic work and for the most delicate plants from the tropics.

It was stated by Mr. Damon that he hoped as speedily as he could to have the grounds reach the stage of development that would warrant him in announcing that they would be open—at first—to visitors say an afternoon a week or month. Some system on this order that will prove satisfactory will be adopted. It may be some time before the grounds are considered by the owner to be in suitable condition or advancement for exhibition or for pleasure use. All who learn of the project will certainly wish it every success. It will be beneficial in every way to the people and the country.

LIVELY LAHAINA.

Determined Suicide of a Japanese. Public Meeting.

A Japanese laborer killed himself at Lahaina on Saturday afternoon. He adopted an unusual method of suicide. Taking the sash from his waist he wrapped it twice around his neck, fixed it to a door knob and slowly strangled by his own weight. On that same morning he had left jail, being taken out by friends paying his fine. He had been arrested for some trivial offense.

John Hina, a native lad, was fooling around the sugar trains at Lahaina

plantation on Friday when he somehow placed his foot under a car wheel. The member was so badly crushed that amputation was necessary.

At Lahaina on Saturday evening, a meeting of the taxpayers and citizens of the district was held at the Court house and was addressed by D. H. Kahaulio, representative-elect. The chief topics of discussion were the need of more street lights and better wharfage facilities. Several petitions were drawn up and signed by all present.

MAUNA LOA.

Steamer From the Crater—Dr. Capron's Illness.

News received by the Mauna Loa yesterday was to the effect that volumes of steam have been seen recently, issuing from Mauna Loa. At the same time, the summit was covered with a coat of snow, much deeper than ordinarily.

Mr. Wm. Fennel of Punaluu, Kauai, is the happy father of a bouncing baby boy.

Dr. Capron, poisoned by the eating of cheese, was very much improved in health when the Mauna Loa sailed. Dr. Hutchinson journeyed all the way from Hilo to treat him. Relays of horses were left in waiting all along the road so that the quickest time possible, could be made.

"MOTHER" CARTER

Death Came Peacefully at Her Daughter's Home.

In the Islands More Than Half a
Century—A Noble Character.
Life of Good Deeds.

At 6:05, Saturday evening, January 29th, Mrs. Carter, who had for the past three months been confined to her bed at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Robert Lewers, Waikiki, breathed her last. Her age was 88 on Christmas day. Death, which has been expected hourly for several days, came on as peacefully as the closing in sleep of the eyes of a little child. The family were all at the supper table when the nurse called two of the younger members. They went to the bedside and found that the pulse of their dear relative had ceased to beat. Mrs. Lewers was called and arrived just in time to see the passing of two fleeting breaths, the end indeed. Mrs. Carter was injured very badly by a fall some fifteen years ago. From the effects of this, she never recovered. For the last five years, she had not been outside the Lewers home. Deceased, the daughter of John Lord and Hannah Johnson Lord, was born in Hallowell, Me., in the year 1809. She came to the Islands in 1832 and was married to Captain Joseph O. Carter in the year 1833. It is an interesting fact that deceased was the first white woman to set foot in San Francisco and also the first white woman to marry on these Islands.

During the first few years of married life, deceased traveled along with her husband on the ship of which he was the master and which was used in the trade between these Islands and the Pacific coast. This was given up on account of the children which had blessed the union of the Maine girl and the sea captain. Mrs. Carter took a house in Honolulu while her husband continued the work in which he was engaged.

In the year 1850, Captain Carter died, leaving a widow with a family of six children and without any money with which to support herself or her children. The fate was a hard one, but the sturdy mother managed well.

Many are the stories told by the old people of Honolulu of the noble acts of the deceased. Never was a stranger in trouble turned from her door. What little help she could afford, she gave willingly and with a glad heart. With her own hands she cared for the sick who came to her and wherever there was trouble anywhere, her hands were always the first to be thrust forward. For creed she cared nothing. For the sake of her brothers and sisters, in trouble, no matter what their belief, she gave her aid.

To the care and development of her children, deceased gave a great deal of her time. The six in the order of their birth, as follows: Joseph O. Carter, Henry Carter, H. A. P. Carter, Samuel M. Carter, Alfred W. Carter, Sr., Fred W. Carter and Catherine R. Carter. All except the first and the last are dead. J. O. Carter was the first born outside the mission. Alfred was born on the ocean, the remainder in Honolulu. Her children were all married and deceased leaves behind 28 grand children and 16 great grand children.

The funeral services took place at the home of Mrs. Lewers, Waikiki, shortly after 2 p. m. on Sunday, the Rev. D. P. Birnie officiating. A quartet composed of Mrs. A. F. Judd, Miss Halstead, H. F. Wichman and J. Q. Wood, sang during the services. The rooms were filled with the friends of the deceased who brought floral designs in great numbers and of rare beauty. The services completed, the body was taken to Nuanu cemetery and there buried in the Carter lot next to her husband. The pall-bearers were: J. O. Carter, Jr., George R. Carter, Alfred W. Carter, David Carter, J. O. Young and Fred Waterhouse.

FOR BURIAL ROOM

Legislature Must Establish a Large Cemetery.

Two Localities—Both on the Railway Line—Halawa District Is Mentioned—Without Delay.

One of the questions which the Government will refer to the Legislature next month will be the imperative need for the provision without delay of further cemetery space near Honolulu. All the burial grounds now in use are practically without an inch of available space. Several of them are overcrowded and have been for a number of years. This is a matter with which the Board of Health has wrestled several times. At one time the Board had all but decided upon a plan, when it was found that legislative action would be necessary. This was some months ago.

When the subject was up last it was pretty generally discussed. The locality most favored at that time for a new cemetery was near the railroad in the valley of Kahauiki. Further consideration has satisfied a number of citizens and officials who had taken an interest in the matter that Kahauiki will be too close to the town. If a pumping plant in Kalihi is added to the water system it will be a matter of a few years at the most when the population territory will have reached Kahauiki.

The latest proposal is that land be selected beyond Halawa, which is not a great distance in the direction of town from Pearl Lochs. This may seem at first thought altogether too far from Honolulu. Viewed as presented by one of the officials, it is for all purposes no further away than Kahauiki, the only other locality that can be invaded. The Kahauiki plan included use of railway trains entirely instead of horse carriages and hearses. It will be the same for Halawa and there can be very little difference if any between the transportation figures, while the time required to be used will not be much more.

Those who have looked into the cemetery matter carefully and considered all the points that might be raised are at present in favor of going to Halawa for ground and will so urge upon the Legislature. These gentlemen represent that the present situation must be relieved at once. Aside from all other considerations, there enters into the discussion the feature of protection of public health.

Smyth Wants It.

The latest aspirant for the place of superintendent of the Government Electric Light Station, a place made vacant by the retirement of John Cassidy, is W. G. Smyth, a well known citizen who has a record in this special work. Mr. Smyth's petition to the Minister of the Interior will have strong endorsement. While connected with the Government plant some years ago, Mr. Smyth was seriously injured in performance of his duty. He is said to be a capable electrician both in the dynamo room and for outside work.

Dr. Buchner, the African traveler, broke from the highest point on Mount Kilimanjaro, one of the mightiest mountains in Africa, a piece of rock, which he presented to the German Emperor. The Emperor now uses a mountain summit as a paper weight on his writing desk.

David O'Leary of the Journal of Commerce came down from San Francisco on the H. B. Hyde. He reports nothing new from Washington in regard to annexation.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
Chlorodyne
Original and Only Genuine.
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.
Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See THE TIMES, July 18, 1884.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne
Is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEAD-ACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne
Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Toothache, Rheumatism, Gout, Catarrh, Hysteria.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne
Rapidly cures short attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Chlorodyne has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

S.B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor, **Dr. J. Collis Browne**. Sold in bottles 1s. 1/6, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer,
J. T. DAVENPORT.
25 GREAT RUSSELL ST., LONDON, W. &



JOCKEY TOD SLOANE.

Tod Sloane, the American jockey, has made a great reputation on the British turf. He has won race after race against the best English jockeys. He is called the Beau Brummel of the turf.

Your money back—at your grocer's—if you don't think that *Schilling's Best* is the cheapest of all the baking powders that you ever knew of.

"But," you may say, "I can get baking powder for half the money."

Yes, but *Schilling's Best* is worth more than twice as much, because it does more work and does no harm—as alum and other cheap baking powders do.

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Everything in good order. Standard Goods. Low Prices.

E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

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Handsome
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Furniture

Now in Stock.

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J. HOPP & CO.

Leading Furniture Dealers.

KING & BETHEL STS.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plovers, Railways and Hoists; also, furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 30 miles.

Electric Power being used, saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also, attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO HOFFMAN, Manager.



AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1898.

YOUNG MEN IN POLITICS.

Hon. J. H. Manley, of Maine, an able man, a clear thinker and a successful politician is the author of an article on "The young man in politics," which we print elsewhere. The article itself contains suggestions enough for a score of essays, if not of books. It enforces the statement made last Summer by Senator Hoar to the students of one of the colleges, that the statesmen and politicians should become the instructors of young men in the very important art of politics.

Mr. Manley insists on the duty of the young man to take a personal interest in politics, and, "in a degree become a politician." This advice is sound beyond question.

We wish Mr. Manley would, for the benefit of young men, discuss another most serious aspect of the case, that is, the forces that keep promising young men out of politics. James Russell Lowell wrote:

"What to me is the saddest feature of our present methods is the pitfalls which are dug in the pathway of ambitious and able men who feel that they are fitted for a public career, that by character and training they could be of service to their country, yet who find every avenue closed to them unless at the sacrifice of the very independence which gives them a claim to what they seek."

Democracy believes in itself, is head strong and becomes its own leader. It moves generally in the right direction, but over roads rough and painful with the sharp stones of its own errors. It asks for no advice. Senator Grimes, the "war-Governor" of Iowa, and a member of the Senate for about twenty years said to us, at the end of his term: "I am not permitted to do my own thinking." Wm. Walter Phelps said, after some years of political life: "I am only a part of a machine." We all now know the pathetic story of Webster, repudiated by the people of Massachusetts and dying of grief at Marshfield. Edmund Burke, living under a Monarchy said: "He who would lead must, in a great measure, follow."

The rough shod voices of Democracy frighten young men who are rich, educated and have self-respect. So they seek other occupations. One of these said: "After years of study you mature some useful plan, but when you present it to the voters, they knock you aside, because they have never thought of it."

After all, the wisdom of the many is, in the long run, better than the wisdom of the few.

The claim that Mr. Manley makes is, that the destiny of the Republic is in the hands of the young men, and that as they become enlightened in their political duties, they increase the wisdom of the masses. It is, therefore, every young man's duty to become a politician, in the service of the State. If he does not, he becomes morally responsible for the men who do become the politicians and leaders.

OAHU COLLEGE.

The exercises in Paupahi hall, of the Oahu College, on Thursday were very suggestive. For over fifty years the students on that spot have been fervently admonished as they were on Thursday.

The average young person is not influenced by good advice. Facts and experiences catch their eyes, and attention. Burnt fingers are better than

sermons. It is not the historical facts, but the facts of the living present that touch their minds, and warp the courses of their lives.

Mr. T. H. Davies, in some excellent remarks to the students advised them to fit themselves for "positions of usefulness, and become persons whose opinions would be worth hearing."

And yet, taking living examples from the persons on the platform, if an aggravating student had risen up and asked Mr. Davies: "what is your opinion about a Monarchy?" no doubt his brethren on the platform would have replied in a whisper: "It's not worth a sou marquee." And if another aggravating student had risen and asked Dr. Bishop the same question, Mr. Davies would have whispered: "Sincere, but utterly wrong." So the students are at once confronted with the practical difficulty, as to how they may "become persons whose opinions would be worth hearing." The question would be natural enough, as the State must reflect the moral and intelligent condition of the people, and morals and politics cannot be separated. Under such circumstances, students would naturally feel that there is a screw loose somewhere.

Earnest and valuable as the exercises were, it is always well to remember the advice of the old New England clergyman, who in accordance with the old custom of offering a prayer over land that was about to be ploughed up, glanced at it, and said: "Brother, this land need not need prayer. It needs manure."

Oahu College needs the manure of liberal endowment. It needs an equipment that will make it what it ought to be, the foremost University of all lands lying on the Pacific.

LEASEHOLD LANDS.

Mr. Allen Herbert stated in an interview published in this paper, several weeks ago, that it was now difficult to secure small farms, in desirable locations, on these Islands, owing to the ownership of long leases, which covered valuable tracts, and the ownership in fee of large tracts, by a few people.

This sort of ownership of land and leases, has confronted all of the Anglo-Saxon colonists for 200 years. They have met the difficulty in every case, by taxation, or by radical laws.

Many of the Atlantic States, Canada, California and Australia, were "infested" by these unfortunate holdings, which were good and fair enough, in the days of sparsely settled communities, but became a blasting wind over agricultural thrift in thickly settled communities. In New York State, for some years, the political parties were divided on the rent question. Those who rented from the old Dutch proprietors rose even in insurrection against payment of rent. They were known as the Barn burners, and elected a governor. The State finally converted these leaseholds into fee simple.

The progressive people of New Zealand dispose of the subject in a simple way. The owner of unimproved land is required to put his own valuation upon it, for purposes of taxation. The State then has the power to take it from him, by adding 10 per cent. to the amount of his valuation. It is a cunning and perhaps reasonable way of preventing the owner from undervaluing his land. At the same time it is a radical measure.

The Anglo-Saxon race believes in the "soil." It is very apparent that all intelligent communities of this race will hold these political and economic maxims; that if a man wishes to till the soil, he shall not fail to do so, for want of land; that the absorption of land for speculative purposes is almost in the nature of a social crime; that there shall be no artificial restrictions against the free movement of population from the cities to the rural districts; that men, women and children shall have some breathing spot on earth if they desire it. This is the gospel of American

Democracy, and it has forced the free gift to the people of land enough to feed 500,000,000 of people. As population presses in the future, there will be a new division.

C. P. HUNTINGTON'S WORK.

About eighteen years ago, C. P. Huntington fixed his eye upon a spot called Newport News, at the mouth of the James River, and Hampton Roads, in the State of Virginia. But one house stood on the ground. Before it lay the finest and largest harbor on the Atlantic coast of the United States. The water at the edge of the banks was over thirty feet deep for miles.

Those who have studied the economic development of the American States, believe that if the uneconomic system of slavery had not existed in the South, the empire city of America would have appeared at Newport News, and not on Manhattan Island, because it is nearer to the vast basin of the Mississippi than New York, and its harbor bar is deeper than that of New York, and it is equidistant from Maine and the Gulf ports.

Mr. Huntington made this spot the terminus of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway. In spite of most depressing times, and financial panics, he steadily pushed the work of connecting this spot with the grainfields of the West. He built there the best equipped dock and ship yard in America. When the older masters of ship yards snubbed him as an amateur and interloper he dropped the price for war ships below the cost of building and brought them to terms.

The inhabitants now number over 15,000. There are 3,000 men in the yards. The value of the exports of the place for the year 1897, was \$25,000,000. Seven hundred car loads of freight are handled every day of the year. Six hundred vessels loaded at the port during the year 1897. In the amount of its shipping, and the value of its exports, it nearly reaches Baltimore's shipping and exports.

In all of this development, nothing has been forced. It is the creation of the geographical situation, backed by almost prodigious harbor facilities.

Only an arrow's flight from the main pier, is the spot where the ironclad Merrimac struck and sunk the Congress and Cumberland. Captain John Smith camped on the spot on his way to Jamestown, in 1610. Washington passed it, as he went out in his boat to meet the French Count de Grasse, and arrange for the capture of Yorktown. Eight miles away is the largest fortress in America covering thirty acres, Fortress Monroe. Between them are the most extensive oyster beds of the Chesapeake bay. Five miles away is the largest institution in America for the education of negroes, established by one Hawaiian born. Fifty miles above this spot, on the broad James river, superb estates lie desolate yet, and the value of exhausted land is perhaps less than it was nearly 300 years ago.

Slavery crippled, with its bad economy, the resources of the Southern empire. Slavery is dead, and the centres of trade naturally shift to their natural positions.

In this evolution, one man, Mr. Huntington, a Connecticut boy, an iron merchant in Sacramento, one of the daring builders of a railway across the Sierras in 1866, stands at the head, with a wonderful organizing brain.

RACE HABITS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

It is simply foolish to ignore the race question, in these Islands. It exists and must be met wisely or unwisely. The Teutonic races have confronted it everywhere in the extension of their dominion. It will become a more troublesome question here, in the future. After the Hawaiian race habits are dealt with, the race habits of the Portuguese, the Japanese and the Chinese must also be dealt with. The best preparation for doing so intelligently, is to get adequate ideas of the strength and nature of their racial habits. They may be dormant, as our "tempers" are dormant, but trivial accidents will instantly bring them into play.

Professor Bryce's valuable book on South Africa has just been published. A condensed statement on the racial point by an able reviewer of the books, is as follows:

The two other causes that have ruled the fortunes and shaped the de-

velopment of South Africa have been the qualities and relations of the races that inhabit it, and the character of the Government which has sought from afar to control the relations of those races. English statesmen have been long wont to say that of all the colonies of Great Britain none has given the mother country so much disquiet and anxiety as has South Africa. Mr. Bryce finds the reason in the circumstance that South Africa has had two sets of race questions to deal with: questions between the white and the aborigines, questions between the Dutch and the English. It is this latter set of questions that have constituted the main thread of South African annals. Why have they proved so troublesome, and why are they so troublesome today? Because, the author answers, they involve sentiment, and thus, like questions of religion, touch the deepest spring of emotion. Race questions, moreover, spring from or are involved with incompatibilities or character which prevent either stock from fully understanding and, therefore, fully trusting the men of the other. Suspicion, if not positive aversion, makes it difficult for men to work together, even where the political arrangements that govern their divisions are just and fair to both.

It is not for us to seek or create racial difficulties here. They exist. We must, however, be prepared to meet them, intelligently, wisely. Our greatest enemy in doing so will be the strength and passion of our own racial instincts, which may lead us into conflicts, which only moderation and wisdom can avoid. The probabilities are that either with or without annexation, these racial differences will simply trash themselves out, in many curious shapes.

The discussion of racial differences should not create hostile feelings. On the contrary, a full understanding of this subject should strongly tend to allay any anger of the dominant race, whenever the native or other races manifest these racial habits. If the dominant race becomes clearly conscious of the fact that it is itself powerfully governed by these national habits, it will make a most just and liberal allowance for the same, and often unreasonable, habits in other races. A full understanding of the question is in the interests of peace and good will.

THE CASH BOX REFORM.

The Tram Car Company, ever mindful of the comfort of the public, and with the significant assistance of a Court and jury, now securely fastens those wild steers of cash boxes, which have been breaking loose so often to the damage of passengers.

Our inoffensive people, accustomed to the heavy yoke of the Monarchy, have for years submitted patiently to the riotous conduct of these ferocious cash boxes. But like good and respectable worms, they have turned at last, and the boxes will no longer get any fun out of the terrified passengers. The chief danger of tram car travel is now over. One no longer sees the daily painful scenes of wives parting from their husbands, at the front gate, as the latter were about to face the danger of meeting an irrepressible cash box in the tram car. Mothers no longer wait, in trembling, for their children, who have been forced to meet these angry agencies for collecting nickels. Romantic young men, who have patiently infested the cars, in the hope of rescuing sweet maidens from the attacks of these wicked cash boxes, have retired to the bicycle. Respectable citizens living on Nuuanu street cease to show symptoms of unpardonable language at the prospect of being mutilated. Other respectable citizens, living on Beretania street, and even at Punahou do not any longer assert antiquated theological doctrines regarding the future state of cash boxes and their owners, when they take their seats in the cars, and begin to read the lofty but impracticable moral lessons set forth in the Advertiser. All is now well. Let this great Reform take its place in our annals. Let us hereafter, celebrate the anniversary of the Cash Box Reform.

THE TELEPHONE.

The appointment of Mr. Cassidy as Superintendent of the Telephone Company, is, we all hope, the beginning of a radical reform in the service. Each

one of us, for many a day, has been repeating to the Telephone Company the classic words of Cicero to Cataline: "How long will you abuse our patience?" If the company had a soul, and the best authorities say that no corporation has one, it is entitled to carry a ball and chain the rest of its life. That the community has not "read the riot act" to it in its shameful neglect of duty is due to the curious habit that it has, like all other communities, of submitting to outrages of a certain kind. There is a general belief that Mr. Cassidy is thoroughly competent to keep a good service. If he fails, there must and will be a new service established. The telephone is with us, a necessity, and not a convenience. But it requires a man of unusual organizing force to make it thoroughly effective.

The statement in one of our evening contemporaries on Saturday regarding the great and undeveloped resources of Molokai, Lanai and other spots, in the way of sugar production, will naturally please the beet sugar people who are fighting annexation on the ground that the sugar product of the Islands will increase and threaten with severe competition the beet sugar interest. The friends of annexation have on the other hand, steadily maintained for many years that the sugar area is limited. Their differences from the opinion of their local organ, suggests the advice of the Court, when two lawyers engaged on the same side of a cause, make conflicting statements: "Gentlemen, before you go further with this case, I advise you to retire and consult, and come to some agreement, so that you do not get between each other's legs in open Court."

Without regard to the merits or the facts in a controversy, it is generally prudent for those who profess to be leaders on one side of it, to manage to stand together in their presentation of the case.

MARY WINKELMAN.

A Barkentine Known Here Injured on the Coast.

The narrow gauge ferry boat Bay City bumped into the stern of the barkentine Mary Winkelman at San Francisco and so damaged that vessel that her departure was delayed for several days. The accident happened about 8:25 o'clock in the morning and was due to the thick fog and swift running tide. The fog was so heavy that Captain Bradley could scarcely see the length of his boat. He came in too close and the Bay City was drifted by the tide, not into the narrow gauge slip as her captain intended, but to the southward of where the Mary Winkelman was lying moored to Mission street wharf. The Bay City swung against the barkentine, carrying away part of her rail and straining badly the timbers in her stern. The Bay City, beyond losing a little paint, was uninjured. Nobody was hurt and the accident did not delay the landing of the ferry boat's passengers more than a few moments.

LONG CRUISE.

New U. S. Revenue Cutter Going Around the World.

BALTIMORE.—The new United States revenue cutter McCulloch has started on her long voyage by way of the Suez canal to the Pacific Coast and San Francisco. The contemplated trip, which has attracted considerable attention in maritime circles, will be a 23,000 mile cruise. Instead of taking the course around Cape Horn, the McCulloch will proceed by way of the Mediterranean sea, Straits of Gibraltar, Suez canal and Indian ocean. She will stop at Singapore, Ceylon, Yokohama and Honolulu, and expects to reach San Francisco some time in the middle of May. She goes well manned and amply provisioned.

Nansen An LL. D.

GALESBURG, Ill., January 13.—Just before Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, began his lecture last night, Dr. John H. Finley, president of Knox College, in behalf of that institution, announced that the trustees had authorized him to confer on Dr. Nansen the degree of doctor of laws, the highest honor in the gift of the college. Knox is the only American institution that has thus complimented the explorer. Dr. Nansen accepted the honor.

The Arago hauled in alongside Wilder's wharf yesterday and began taking on sugar from the Claudine.

A sailor of the ship Hitchcock was arrested for trespass in Kewalo last evening. The man declared he was lost.

ALOHA MR. LEWIS

Farewell Reception to Palama Chapel Pastor.

Exchange of Greetings—He Has Done a Good Work—Resolutions and Response—Fine Music.

A farewell reception was given at Palama Chapel last evening to the Rev. John M. Lewis, the retiring pastor. Mr. Lewis leaves Honolulu this afternoon. He is not going away from the Islands, however. Mr. Lewis is called to the Wailuku, Maui, district. He will have a larger field—greater opportunity.

Palama Chapel was well filled on this occasion. There were present several hundred children of the neighborhood, the parents of many of these and a number of up-town people interested in this successful mission. The entire audience seemed animated with the desire to shower alohas upon Mr. Lewis. His congregation is sorry to lose him, as he has become to almost every man, woman and child in that part of town a personal friend. Mr. George Sea presided. Mrs. Webb had arranged the program of the evening, which was as follows:

Invocation Kamehameha Girls
Song Miss Desha
Piano Solo Miss Kelley
Recitation Chapel Boys Orchestra
Selections Kamehameha Girls
Remarks Miss Pope
Reading Resolutions Miss Webb
Response to Resolutions Rev. John M. Lewis
Hymn Congregation

Miss Pope spoke of the grand work which had been accomplished by the Palama Chapel and on behalf of herself and the Kamehameha girls thanked Mr. Lewis for his uniform courtesy and for his helpful co-operation.

The resolutions read by Miss Webb are a fine tribute to the retiring pastor, reciting as they did, the manner in which he had won the respect of all and had inspired the confidence and effort of all. He would always be remembered most kindly, and following him to his new field were the best wishes and prayers of all whom he had met at the Chapel.

To the resolutions Mr. Lewis responded with feeling and eloquently. He said he had come to the neighborhood a stranger and had at first found many difficulties, but gaining the assistance and prayers of those whose he now faced, the work had become a pleasure. He felt deeply grateful and under lasting obligations to all who had become identified with the chapel. He would never forget them and would cherish their kindness and the expressions of esteem and aloha for him.

Miss Kelley was so pleasing in her first recitation that the children and the grown-up folks as well insisted on another.

The singing by the Kamehameha girls was tuneful and melodious as usual. The orchestra of chapel boys gave several selections in fine style. They play as well as several of the quintette clubs of men. After the program refreshments were served. A copy of the farewell resolutions to Mr. Lewis will be transmitted to Central Union Church Society.

Circuit Court Notes.

William Hooper has filed a petition for the probate of the will of his father Charles Hooper. The estate is valued at \$3,500.

The H. C. Sugar Company has filed a demurrer to the complaint of Mele Uli, et al. for trespass.

Paoakalani has petitioned the Court to decide the ownership of certain lands claimed by Kapulani, et al.

Hood's

Cure Liver Pills

Hood's Pills are as peculiar and as pleasant, in comparison with all others, as is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

To compound a pill which shall be pleasant to take, shall not be coated with what by age becomes insoluble, and which shall be just that mild stimulant to the liver and bowels which shall help Nature to restore her disordered functions—that is the problem for the pharmacist.

It is easy to purge, but that is not what is wanted. A mild but sure and un-

CURE

disturbing cathartic will set Nature to going, and relieve the head, the stomach, the liver and all the organs of the body from the evils of a clogged drainage.

The Liver is the gateway between the stomach and the organs which the stomach purveys for. Stop up the gate and death quickly ensues. Burden it with obstructions and a thousand ills result.

Hood's Pills CURE Liver ills, sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, nausea, constipation, without purging, without pain, without violence.

Everybody at sometime needs them. Everybody should keep them on hand at all times for emergencies.

Liver Ills

Hood's Pills are sold by all druggists. 25 cents. Sent by mail on receipt of price, by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY,
Wholesale Agents.

COFFEE DRINKERS

Increasing Amount Imported Into the U. S.

Island Contribution Is Still Very Small—Statistics for Year 1897.

Viewed in the light of comparison with statistics of other countries, the importation of Hawaiian coffee into the United States is small. Coffee has been exported from the Islands in varying quantities for the past 30 years. Within the last five years the industry has received a considerable impetus from the success of the planters who have done the experimental work in developing it, and from the consequent opening up of large tracts of arable land.

The high water mark in the exportation of coffee since 1867 was reached in 1870, when 415,111 lbs. was exported. Fifteen years later, in 1875, the exports had decreased to 1,575 lbs. The increase has been rapid since that time until in 1897 the total exports of coffee amounted to 337,158 lbs., valued at \$99,696.62, as against 255,655 lbs. in 1896.

But the people of the United States are great coffee drinkers. The per capita consumption in 1897 was 9.95 lbs. so that the amount sent from the Islands made little appreciable difference in the market. When it is considered that the coffee exported from the Islands in 1897 would supply only about 34,000 people with their drink, or a city with less than a thousand more inhabitants than there are in Sacramento, Cal., the opportunities for island coffee in the United States are considerable.

According to the computations of the Philadelphia Record, during the nine months of the calendar year ended September 30, 1897, the imports of coffee into the United States amounted to 580,052,921 lbs. of the value of \$54,433,892, against 440,323,337 lbs. of the value of \$50,403,748, in the corresponding months of 1896. The average invoice cost to the importers of the coffee in 1896 was a little more than 12½ cents a lb. In 1897 the average import cost was a little more than 10½ cents a lb.

Of this coffee the bulk comes from Brazil, the importations from which country in the nine months of 1897, amounted to 414,481,407 lbs. of the value of \$34,744,837, against 288,793,744 lbs. of the value of \$35,094,567, in the corresponding nine months of 1896. The import cost of this "Rio" coffee in 1896 was a little over 12 cents a lb. and in 1897 it was 8.3 cents a lb.

The next largest supplies of coffee are from other parts of South America, the importations from those regions having amounted in the nine months of 1897, to 60,271,030 lbs. valued at \$7,882,718, against 59,204,834 lbs. of the value of \$8,575,937, in the corresponding months of 1896. Quantities and values of importations from these countries have not varied so much as in the importations from Brazil, which had an extraordinarily large crop in 1897. The next contributor of coffee to this country is Central America, the importations from that region having amounted to 42,670,114 lbs. valued at \$6,214,862, or nearly 15 cents a lb. in the nine months of 1897—a slight increase over the importations in the corresponding months of 1896. Next, Mexico sent in the nine months of 1897, 30,016,967 lbs. of the value of \$4,574,253—a little more than 15 cents a lb.

The total importations of "Java" coffee from the Netherlands and from the East Indies in the nine months of 1897 amounted to 14,954,168 lbs. of the value of \$2,451,446, or an invoice cost of a little more than 17 cents a lb. That is the highest priced coffee that comes to the United States. But the importations, as may be seen, are small in comparison with the enormous shipments from Brazil. More than 80 per cent. of the coffee that comes to the U. S. is "Rio," or of like quality and price. "Rio" is, in fact, the coffee that the American people drink, sold to them for a higher priced article. As for the famous "Mocha" coffee, little or none of it is imported into the United States.

VETERAN BADGES.

They Will Be Awarded After Five Years Service.

The National Guard of Hawaii is to have a veteran corps. This feature will be created by the Department of Foreign Affairs. The thought was put forward at the Cabinet session yesterday by Acting President Cooper. He wants every man who has served in the uniformed force honorably for five years to have a neat recognition of the fact. A prettily designed souvenir badge, with the coat of arms as the center piece, will probably be the form of memento. A design has been drawn up by Maj. J. W. Jones and an order will be sent forward on Saturday for the die. The base of the metal to be used will be one of the old, worn out

brass cannon up in the old barracks. The number of men who have worn the uniform continuously for five years is not very large at present, but the reserve will have a pretty rapid growth during this year.

CUSTOMS.

Detail of Inspectors and Guards for February.

Yesterday morning the following detail of Custom House Inspectors and Guards for the month of February was announced by Port Surveyor Stratemeyer:

Inspector C. C. Rhodes assisting the Port Surveyor.

Discharging Inspectors: J. W. Short, W. F. Storey, R. M. Macaulay, M. G. Johnston, W. F. Drake.

Day Guards: A. Nunes, H. Kinney, J. Kanuu, G. Koamea.

Night Inspectors: W. H. Drummond, W. Charlock.

Night Guards: J. Kekahio, J. W. Mahelona, B. Kaunahi, J. Kaloamakai, J. Mahaehe, E. Stone, S. Hanohano, A. Mossman.

Special Duty: F. Manoha, J. Kanuha.

It will be noticed that Kanuha is back on duty again. He was detailed to work in the Appraiser's Department but it was found that he was badly needed at his old post.

HOUSE WARMING.

Mr. Goo Kim Entertains Friends at His Residence.

Mr. Goo Kim Fui, the Chinese Commissioner, entertained a party of friends at his recently renovated residence, upper Liliha street last Saturday afternoon. The viands were served in the most approved Chinese style, from birds' nest soup to almond soup and rice, with the many sided tray of sweet meats to supplement the dozen or more courses of meat and fowl. It was in the nature of a house warming, and the newly added reception room and dining room were gay with the red panel papers with complimentary quoting from Confucius and good wishes for the commissioner presented to him on his 60th birthday.

Returns Flowed In.

Assessor Shaw and his two deputies and as many clerks as could stand in the row were at the window of the tax office from the opening to the closing of the place yesterday. It was the last day on which returns reserving the right of appeal could be made. Quite a number of the corporations and business houses and scores of citizens waited till about half after the eleventh hour. The work of the office was carried out expeditiously, but on account of the unprecedented rush some callers were compelled to stand in line for several minutes.

Amateur Performance.

Rehearsals are now being held regularly of the plays to be given under the auspices of the Dramatic Circle of the Kiloana Art League. The two pieces, "The Match Box" and "The False Note" will be given in the opera house on Saturday evening, February 19. The participants are working faithfully at their parts and hope to be able to furnish a pleasing entertainment. The Y. M. C. A. orchestra has consented to furnish the music for the evening, so the entire performance will be amateur.

New Jewelry House.

A local company with a paid up capital of \$100,000 will soon apply to the Minister of Interior for a charter to conduct in the city and throughout the Islands a wholesale and retail jewelry business. The main store will be on Fort street in Honolulu, about opposite the present jewelry establishment of H. F. Wichman.

The foregoing, and a bit more, was in the story told the Advertiser last evening by a shoe dealer who said he would have \$25,000 of the stock of the new company.

Seasick Sailors.

It is well now that the U. S. F. S. Baltimore was out for target practice last week. She was about two and a half hours away from the harbor when an epidemic laid low about half a hundred of the crew. They were seasick as the veriest landlubbers. Most of them recovered so soon as the ship left the head sea which had been encountered, but a few were ill for a couple of days.

MUST OBEY THE PEOPLE.

Ameer of Afghanistan an Autocrat in Name Only.

An interesting story comes from the New York Tribune to the effect that the Ameer of Afghanistan, who was at first suspected of complicity with the Indian border troubles, but whose innocence is now well established, is one of the most autocratic monarchs in the world. Not the Czar of Russia nor the Sultan of Turkey is more absolute in authority. Yet he is, or makes himself, curiously subject to the

will of the people in some respects. A few years ago he greatly desired to visit England and other European countries, and the British Government was anxious that he should do so. But he did not venture to do so without the consent of his people. So he took a plebiscite on the subject. He sent a proclamation to every village in his empire, telling what he wanted to do and explaining the advantages that would accrue to him and to the empire from such a tour, and asking the people to take a vote on the subject and let him know the result. So the question was submitted to universal suffrage. After a few weeks the returns were all in and were counted, and it was found that a considerable majority of the people were opposed to his leaving the country. He was disappointed, but acquiesced in the will of the people, and stayed at home, sending his second son to England in his place.

A few months ago, Mr. Byron Every, of Woodstock, Mich., was badly afflicted with rheumatism. His right leg was swollen the full length, causing him great suffering. He was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first bottle of it helped him considerably and the second bottle effected a cure. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

This date in 1872 the Hawaiian hotel was opened.

"Advertised" letter list is published this morning.

Kahuku mill is closed down a couple of days for slight repairs.

There was the biggest rush of the year at the tax office yesterday.

The 450 Japanese now in quarantine will be released in a couple of days.

Professor Koehle is making a collection of Hawaiian insects for Bishop Museum.

The Pali road was completely finished yesterday. Everything is now in good shape for travel.

Attorney-General and Mrs. W. O. Smith will be passengers for Maui by the Claudine today.

John Cassidy, the new superintendent, takes charge of the Mutual Telephone system this morning.

Deputy Sheriff Scott of Maui came down on the Claudine, Sunday. He is here on a short business trip.

This is the last week of practice for the crack military shots to take part in the Marlin Trophy contest.

By the Mauna Loa this week, Sam'l Parker and family will leave for Waimoe, Hawaii, to remain for some time.

During the year 1897, the German Benevolent Society of this city quietly disbursed for relief the sum of \$1,760.

The town was indeed surprised over the resignation of Rev. D. P. Birnie and many expressions of regret were made.

Red velvet garden hose, hose reels, lawn sprinklers, mowers, etc., of standard makes for sale by the Hawaiian Hardware Co.

Miss Kanoho sang aboard the Baltimore during services, Sunday morning. Her accompaniment was kindly played by Professor Berger.

At noon tomorrow at the mauka entrance of the Judiciary Building, the "Molokai Ranch" will be sold at auction, with upset price \$150,000.

The promised lecture by Prof. A. Agassiz for the University club and friends will be delivered at Pauahi hall, Punahou, on Thursday evening.

Two mail steamers are due from the Coast today—S. S. Peru and S. S. Australia. The Mariposa goes up on Thursday and the Australia on Saturday.

It took several hours for the 505 Japanese to leave quarantine Saturday after a stay there of four days. This company of laborers had been 14 days at sea.

The Legislature will be asked to place a water supply reservoir on the "hogback" back of Diamond Head for the use of the growing population mauka of Kapiolani park.

Chief Engineer Rowell of Kahuku plantation had a toe smashed last week. A Japanese laborer let some weights fall and, unfortunately, Mr. Rowell's foot happened to be in the way.

Purifine is a cheap and powerful disinfectant now used principally in all the hospitals and public buildings in America. The Hollister Drug Company are the sole agents for these Islands.

Mark Robinson bid in the Robinson beach property sold at auction on Court order yesterday. The price to be paid is \$18,500. C. S. Desky bid \$13,000 and Attorney A. W. Carter \$16,000.

Rev. S. K. Kamakahi, formerly pastor of the Hawaiian Evangelical Church at Olowalu, Maui, but for the last two years assistant pastor at the Leper Settlement, died last Tuesday, January 25.

One of the neatest, prettiest and most useful holiday souvenirs comes a little late, but is none the less welcome. It is a dainty memorandum book and is from the jewelry house of H. F. Wichman.

Henry E. Cooper, Acting President of the Republic, issues a proclamation today for the convening of the second regular session of the Legislature on Wednesday, February 16th at 12 noon at the Executive Building.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the first annual meeting of the Kailua Coffee Company, Limited, held at the offices of Messrs. Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd., Honolulu, this day, it was voted to accept the Charter of Incorporation, granted by the Minister of the Interior on the 27th day of January, 1898.

The following officers, who constitute the Board of Directors, have been elected to serve for the ensuing year: President.....Mr. F. M. Swanzy Vice-President.....Mr. Tom May Secretary.....Mr. T. Clive Davies Treasurer.....Mr. W. G. Singlehurst Auditor.....Mr. H. F. Lewis

CLIVE DAVIES, Secretary. Honolulu, January 28, 1898.

FOR RENT.

The Dwelling belonging to me at Paia, lately occupied by J. Waldvogel: 7 rooms besides store and bathroom. A large cistern on premises and abundant surface water on tap in bathroom and kitchen, slightly brackish. House has no stationary washstands or baths and is unfurnished. Stable accommodations for three horses.

Also for rent at same place: 1 store lately occupied by Theo. H. Davies & Co., fully supplied with counters and shelves. Cistern on premises and surface water on tap.

For further particulars apply to me at Assessor's Office, Paia, 1936-44T C. H. DICKEY.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hawaiian Gazette Company, Limited, held this day, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

William R. Castle.....President Walter M. Pomroy.....Vice-President William Savidge.....Secretary Clinton G. Ballentyne.....Treasurer James B. Castle.....Auditor

The above officers constitute the Board of Directors.

WILLIAM SAVIDGE, Secretary. Honolulu, H. I., January 18th, 1898. 4820-3t 1935-3w

OUR REPUTATION.

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkler to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

DAILY Chronicle, Examiner, and Call.

(SAN FRANCISCO.)

Your Choice of either the above

Great Papers

Only \$1.00 a Month. MAILED FREE!

Send for a copy of our new Subscription Catalogue.

LOWEST PRICES. PROMPT SERVICE.

SUBSCRIPTION DEPT. OF

Wall, Nichols Company HONOLULU.

3,000 BICYCLES. We have a large stock of BICYCLES, fully equipped, \$15 to \$25. We also have a large stock of BICYCLES, fully equipped, \$15 to \$25. We also have a large stock of BICYCLES, fully equipped, \$15 to \$25.

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the General Postoffice Up to Jan. 31, 1897.

GENTLEMEN.

Arpe, C. Andrews, C. B. Abing, H. Anderson, E. Andrews, C. L. Anderson, C. (2) Anderson, Mr. Andrews, Mr. or Mrs. Anderson, J. Andrews, W. K. Allen, T. G. Andrews, T. G. P. Arnold, H. Andrews, S. Ballentyne, W. G. Bryant, H. P. Brown, A. P. Battelle, G. I. Bodekin, Mr. Barnes, R. Burns, W. P. Boyle, W. Brummaghem, E. Buchanan, W. M. Baker, J. Burgett, J. H. Blaisdell, E. Burgett, Mr. Crandall, F. M. Cal. & Hawaiian Fr. & Produce Co. Clark, W. A. Cordies, G. City Carriage Chase, J. B. (2) Clifton, H. Central Mill Duncan, T. (2) Davis, J. Erickson, C. H. Evans, T. Evans, T. E. Fischer, R. Finney, B. L. Fizzarello, J. E. Gardner, L. A. D. Gaylor, P. D. Graham, J. Galli Fruit Co. A. (2) Garnett, G. S. Hagan, J. Hunt, W. D. Houser, J. S. Harnden, W. Hallsworth, H. Harris, A. E. Haysett, J. Hoyt, Rev. H. N. Hawkins, C. H. Hensbury, W. Hewitt, F. Hill, W. D. Hansen, J. Hagens, H. C. Hall, E. Est of Havard, W. Hie, F. E. Inman, A. D. Jackson, J. M. Jackson, A. H. Jolliver, F. Jollivar, P. Jones, P. Kane, B. K. Konik, J. Kraft, A. Keough, J. Kerr, R. B. Kibling, A. E. Kable, A. Lyons, M. T. Ludloff, Rev. A. Laing, J. Lee, R. E. (2) Loch, H. T. Lubeck, H. Leonard, H. (2) Langfield, L. Miller, L. A. (3) Muller, H. F. Meier, W. Mitchell, J. W. Macy, G. (3) Mason, R. L. McGowan, Mr. Markham, G. Myers, J. R. Moore, T. Martin, C. Myhre, A. F. Morris, A. F. Morley, W. Mansfield, F. Mathews, Mr. McLain, J. Nye, Capt. Oahu Hack Stand Panzer, A. H. Paganini, A. (2) Pohlmann, H. Price, H. B. Palmer, T. Peas, J. Palmer, J. C. Panis, I. Pittsman, H. Rutsche, A. Richardson, W. Richard, Capt. Rasmussen, J. Robinson, J. Robinson, A. M. Rice, P. Rumsley, T. Shelley, F. Shaltersbury, Earl of Sterling, R. Smith, J. H. Sheard, J. Smith, M. Swain, N. Sea, J. Stegemayer, A. Stone, E. K. (2) Sanders, G. Slebert, A. Toomey, Capt. (2) Thompson, I. Tracy, J. D. Tuohy, L. A. Williams, H. Williams, W. F. Woods, J. W. Winchester, C. Woods, G. Weatherbee, J. Win, W. C. D. & Co. Wolf, A. Woolsey, G. Whittle, W. E. Webb, S. H. Wilcox, G. P. Young, J. Zumwalt, J. W.

LADIES.

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JOSEPH M. OAT,
Postmaster-General.
General Postoffice, Honolulu, January 31, 1898.

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E. R. ADAMS,

No. 407 Fort Street. General Agent.

Calendars for 1898.

For the benefit of our many friends and customers on the other Islands or outside of Honolulu, we wish to state that the calendar containing our CALENDARS met with an accident on the way to San Francisco, and was burnt with all its contents. We have re-ordered them, and as soon as they arrive, will distribute them as we always have done.

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1935-3w

RUBBER STAMPS MADE TO ORDER

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Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

"ENTER POLITICS"

Joseph H. Manley of Maine Says
it is a Young Man's Duty.

MUST BE A MAN OF PRINCIPLE

And Hostile to "Bossism" in All
its Forms—Honor Brings
Success.

The Sunday Magazine, a publication issued by the New York Press, recently contained the following article on "The Young Man in Politics," from the pen of Joseph H. Manley:

It is well in these days, when it has become somewhat popular with a class of men of decay politicians, and to sneer at all who participate in the politics of the day, to really understand a politician and his career in politics. The idea that a politician is a mere "ward heeler" or a seeker of official position is all wrong. Politics is the science of government, and a true politician is a man who is versed in this science. His aims and ambitions are not to hold office, or to dictate who shall hold office, or to carry ward causes and party conventions. That is the work of the intriguer, and of the man who can never rise to the dignity of a politician.

A man, to be a successful politician, must have a sincere love of country and be thoroughly grounded in the science of government. He must be a man of principle, of earnest and thorough convictions, and have the faith of his convictions.

Parties are an absolute necessity to the life of the state. Factions never serve the state. It has been truly said that it reflects no glory on a statesman to stand aloof from his party, and it is no commendable virtue in the citizen of a state to belong to no party. The honorable and dignified name of statesman is given only to those men who distinguish themselves as guides and leaders among the politicians.

It is the duty of every young man entering upon life to take an interest in politics, and become, in a degree, a politician. The career of politics, like every other career, has its hopes and disappointments, its advantages and disadvantages, its successes and failures. But there is no career open to a young man in a free republic so full of advantages and enjoyments, so beneficial and useful, as the career of politics. A politician, to be successful, must study human nature in all its phases. He must treat every subject candidly, and deal with all men, honestly. The trickster can never succeed. It is only the honest man who is in the high and true sense a politician. Enemies he must hope to make, for "the never had a friend who never made a foe." And men are better judged by their enemies than by their friends.

By entering the career of politics I do not mean office-holding or office-seeking. The professional office-seeker and office-holder is not a man to be envied. It is not a career to be desired. It is not a career to be followed. The professional office-seeker and office-holder is never, from the very nature of things, a man of independent mind. His one end and aim in life is to hold office. This narrowness of thought and action, and makes him "Crook the pregnant hinges of the knee where thrift may follow fawning."

It does not follow that the young man should decline office. Preferment is always to be accepted. But office should not be sought. When it comes as a trust from the people it should be accepted and worthily filled. Young men should be ambitious to so live, to have such an interest in politics, that they will be fitted to occupy the positions of honor and trust; and the people will readily discern and rightly decide who are to be intrusted with these positions of honor and power.

There is ample opportunity in this great country for all young men who have high aims and lofty purposes, and who properly fit themselves, to perform the great duties of official trust. Let every young man strive to be

"Statesman, yet friend to truth! of soul sincere,
In action faithful, and in honor clear;
Who broke no promise, served no private end,
Who gained no title, and who lost no friend;
Ennobled by himself, by all approved,
And praised, unenvied by the muse he loved."

The great and crowning glory in the life of the immortal Lincoln, whose memory we cherish, was his firm and steadfast faith in the people. He believed and declared that this was "a government of the people, by the people and for the people." This doctrine is the corner stone of successful politics. It is the foundation, and should be the faith and the guiding star of the politician. The true politician must set his face with unyielding hostility to every attempt which may be construed into bossism. Leadership he should seek and desire, because true leadership acts for and in behalf of the people. Bossism means the subjugation of the people's will and wish, always receiving the stamp of condemnation.

What higher career can any young man have than to be a successful politician, which means a successful and a great statesman? It brings, of course, its defeats, temporarily its disappointments; but these are necessary to perfect and round and make the



ONE OF THE FLYERS.

Harry Terrill had made in France the photograph from which this likeness of him is taken. Terrill is a San Francisco boy who is making his second visit to Hawaii with his wheel. Since he was here before he has been in France with his brother. Terrill is supposed to be about of the same quality as Allan Jones. He has the reputation of always riding hard and fair. After several years in the game he says that not yet has he been charged with misconduct in any way. Terrill will be in the professional events at Cylomere tonight. He may ride in a match soon.

perfect politician. The end can only be success, pleasure and enjoyment, because it must bring happiness and prosperity to the people.

All great movements must have their leaders, and the study of the science of government of a free people is the highest plane for a man in the conduct of earthly affairs.

The young man entering upon the career of politics must expect defeat, censure and temporary unpopularity, because he is in the lead of public opinion; but the great body of the people mean to be just and right, and in the end always come to just and right conclusions. He must expect to have opponents and enemies, but this will bring to him loyal adherents, firm and unswerving friends. No truer or more lasting friendships are made in this life than those which bind men together in a common cause for the uplifting of their race, and for the lasting peace and prosperity of their country.

What examples the young men in this country have before them for entering upon and espousing a career of politics! What an inspiration should be the life, character and career of Hamilton, of Jefferson, of Clay, of Webster, of Lincoln, to the young men of this day to strive to become in the best and purest and highest sense politicians!

In a speech made on the 3d of October, 1884, about 1 o'clock in the morning, in Cincinnati, to a body of young men who tendered a serenade to that political leader and true politician, that noble man, James G. Blaine, he said, addressing these young men who had come to cheer him in his great contest: "You are in the morning of life. The day is before you, and your strength is equal to it. You will have the fashioning of the republic, its strength, its prestige, its destiny, long after the generation to which I belong shall have passed away. See to it that it is kept in your power, and that your hands, clean, pure and strong, shall build up the ark of the covenant. I bid you good morning. Turn to the duties of a new day with its responsibilities and with its rewards."

Inasmuch as the destiny of this republic is in the hands of the young men, it is their duty, their highest duty, to enter the career of politics, and become, not intriguers, not factionists, but politicians, giving to the study and the cause of politics the best efforts of their lives, always acting from unselfish motives, never losing sight of the fact that probity, honor, square dealing always bring success. Caring nothing for temporary criticism or applause, looking only to the grand consummation of life's work, then with their hands clean, pure and strong, they cannot fail to build up the ark of the covenant.

Sunday Law Enforced.

The police are after people who do business on Sunday. Yesterday afternoon, three Chinamen, proprietors of fruit and small meat stands, were arrested on the charge of violating Sabbath regulations. The doors of a bicycle establishment engaged in renting wheels, were closed and the police officers given strict orders to be on the lookout for any violation of Sabbath regulations. It is understood that the work will be kept up.

Visit of S. S. Mogul.

The Northern Pacific S. S. Mogul, W. H. Wright master, arrived in port yesterday morning, 14 days from Yokohama with a cargo of 786 packages of general merchandise for Theo. H. Davies. She anchored in the stream until her passengers were all sent to the Quarantine Station, and in the aft-

ernoon, hauled alongside the Oceanic wharf to discharge. The Mogul sailed for Portland, Ore., at 5 p. m. She brought 447 Japanese passengers in all, 2 of these being in the cabin and 7 in the steerage. Of the 438 immigrants, 360 are males and 87 females.

KAHULUI KNIGHTS.

Aloha Pythians Install and Give a Party.

A public installation of the officers to serve during this year in the Aloha Lodge, No. 3, K. P., was held in the lodge hall at Kahului, on last Friday night. After the installation proceedings, dancing and a general good time were indulged in. The officers installed are as follows:

W. H. Campbell, C. C.
H. Bissen, V. C.
D. L. Myers, P.
C. B. Carlen, K. R. and C.
J. Hansen, M. A.
C. Roth, I. G.

Claudine Delayed.

The Claudine did not get in until about 11 a. m. on Sunday, her delay having been caused by the extra time taken to load the McCandless well boring outfit at Kahului. This was placed up forward on the deck and, on that account, the cattle that were to have been sent down could not be taken aboard.

Kauai Gamblers.

News came by the W. G. Hall, Sunday to the effect that the Sheriff of the Garden Isle had been playing havoc with the gamblers at Hanalei, the rendezvous for the men of that stamp driven out of Honolulu. About 20 men were convicted of gambling, in Hanalei, last week.

Frames for an iron ship, to be built at Bath, are being set up, and vessel will soon take shape. Frames, plates and bolts were made abroad and brought to Bath and put together. When completed she will be 312 feet keel, 42½ feet beam, 25½ feet deep, and will register 3,000 tons gross. She will be built by Arthur Sewall & Co., to be commanded by Captain Murphy, of ship Shenandoah.

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TELEPHONE 121.

Guardian's Sale of Real Estate.

I am instructed by Nicholas Peterson, of Honolulu, Guardian of the Estate of Mary Puakalehuia Apoe, a minor, in pursuance of an order of Honorable W. L. Stanley, Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, to sell at Public Auction, at my Sales Room in Honolulu on

MONDAY, FEB. 7, 1898,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

the following described property:
All that certain parcel of land situate at Waialua, Hanalei, Island of Kauai, bounded and described as follows:

"Commencing in the centre of the Waialua river which flows into the Hanalei river, running N. 8 55-100 chains along the edge of the Hanalei river to a stake; thence S. 72 W. 9 25-100 chains across the fish-pond Kanoa to a stake; thence S. 70 E. 8 57-100 chains across the said fish-pond Kanoa to a stake in the bank of Waialua auwai; thence N. 71 E. 8 4-100 chains along the corner of said auwai to place of commencement—containing an area of 7 acres, 2 rods and 30.5 links, as described in deed from Anton Brooks to Koka and Apoe, dated March 2, 1872, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds in Honolulu, in Liber 34, page 297."

The property will be offered at our upset price of Eight Hundred Dollars.

Terms cash U. S. Gold Coin.

Deeds at expense of purchaser.

JAS. F. MORGAN.

AUCTIONEER.
Honolulu, Jan. 12, 1898.
1933-3w

SALE OF MOLOKAI RANCH.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, under the direction of the Trustees under the will of Bernice Pauahi Bishop, and by authority of a decree of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, dated January 7th, 1898, will sell at public auction those premises on the Island of Molokai, Hawaiian Islands, known as the Molokai Ranch, and consisting of the following lands and property, to wit:

Lands owned by the Estate in Fee Simple.

	Estimated Area—Acres.
Royal Patent 3146, Kalua-kol	46,500
L. C. A. 11216, Nawa and Leles	5,909
Royal Patent 6824, L. C. A. 7755½, Kahanui; Royal Patent 2557, Kipu and Manowai	2,450
Royal Patent 3538, Kauhakakai	5,213
(Except 27 acres reserved for Homestead lots).	
L. C. A. 7779b, Makakupaia	1,425
L. C. A. 8559b, Apana 28, Kawela uplands	7,700
L. C. A. 2937, Holi	70

The above areas are approximate only.

Crown Lands under lease for a term of thirty years from January 1st, 1888, at a rental of \$1,200 per annum.

	Estimated Area—Acres.
Palau and Leles (3 Apanas)	11,258
Kalamaua	6,747
Kapaakea	2,178

Estimated number of cattle... 4,500
Estimated number of sheep... 14,500
Estimated number of horses... 170
Estimated number of goats... 4,000

Map of the above premises may be seen at the office of the Bernice Pauahi Bishop Estate, Merchant street, and at the place of sale.

The sale will be held on WEDNESDAY, February 2d, 1898, at 12 o'clock noon at the moka door way of the Judiciary Building in Honolulu. The upset price for said property is fixed at \$150,000.

Terms Cash; or at the option of the purchaser not more than two-thirds of the purchase money to be secured by mortgage on said premises for a term not exceeding five years, drawing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum.

All moneys payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America, and deeds at the expense of the purchaser. Sale subject to confirmation by the Circuit Court of the First Circuit.

Honolulu, January 7, 1898.

1931-8t

Read the Hawaiian Gazette
(Semi-Weekly).

Art Goods AND Artists' Supplies.

King Bros. Art Store.
110 HOTEL ST.

DETROIT JEWEL STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent off the regular price of all our stoves. In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.	1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.
EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.	1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.
CITY JEWEL RANGE.	2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.
WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.	2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.
MODERN JEWEL STOVE.	3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.
MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.	2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO. HONOLULU.

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scabby Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter.
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From All Parts of the World.
Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DYE COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

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Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron bark "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Phleger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment OF DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

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A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Flashes, Crapes, Etc.

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Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Molesters, Meltons, Serge, Kammergarns, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rings and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles.

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining and Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc.
American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Canistic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.
Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.
Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (18 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates.
Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks, Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice, Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

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It Will Be on the Third Floor
of the Progress Block.

SEATING CAPACITY OF 800

A Regular Bijou—Octagonal—Adjuncts—No Pillars or Posts.
Great Features—Promenades.

When Mr. C. S. Desky's Progress block, corner of Fort and Beretania, is completed, which will be in about three months, Honolulu will have practically a second up-town theater. The hall on the third floor of the Progress building will be a regular little bijou of a music-hall. There will be a stage of good size and the main auditorium will seat 800 people. Opera chairs will be imported and scenery and stage fixtures will be provided. Besides the main or principal hall there will be adjacent ante-rooms and parlors with either sliding or rolling doors or porters that will bring the seating number up to above 1,000.

The new theater will be octagonal in shape with a dome ceiling. In the center of the ceiling will be a piece of stained glass twenty-three feet in diameter. The hall will be illuminated with 160 incandescent lights and a few arc lamps. There will be stairway entrances and exits from both Beretania and Fort streets, in addition to the rapid passenger elevator, to be raised by electricity. Modern ventilation will be supplemented by a system of fans. There will not be a pillar or post in the hall. The floor will be of hard pine that is to be prepared especially for dancing.

Several features known only to halls in Europe and New York City will add to the beauty, attractiveness and utility of the new theater. There will be a kitchen, a dining room and the usual retiring rooms for ladies and gentlemen. There will be a smoking room and a promenade. The smoking room will be near the Beretania and Fort street corner and the promenade will be on the Beretania street side. The smoking room and the promenade will be between the stone walls and the walls of the theater. It will be seen that there is room and to spare for the hall and that its enlargement or extension as time may require will be neither difficult nor expensive. On the third floor on the Fort and Beretania street sides there will be apartments for windows as they may now be seen, but neither the wooden frames nor the glasses will be inserted.

The final surprise in the way of a hall for Honolulu, remains to be presented. On the roof at the corner of Fort and Beretania will be an observatory with a floor 32x32 or perhaps larger. This can be reached from the promenade or the smoking room. From the foothills alone can the view be rivalled. The panorama spread out from this point includes matchless pictures of Punchbowl, Tantalus, Round-top, all the valleys with their banks of rainbows, Diamond Head, with the ships coming round, the harbor and its vessels, Kamehameha grounds and even Pearl Lochs. This will be an extra without money and without price, also says Mr. Desky. There will be both coping and railing as a protection against possibility of accidents. This observatory, so pleasing to it to the owner of the building, may be extended quite a bit, even to include roof promenades. It is really a fourth story or roof garden, but really away and beyond the roof garden class.

In the Progress block there are spacious stores that are already leased. The second floor will be used by those requiring offices. Bruce Waring & Co., will have the corner rooms and others have been spoken for already. The halls are wide and light and the elevator will run day and night. There is a small army of workmen on the building now, but it is such a job as cannot be rushed. Only the best of Island stone is going into the main walls and Geo. L. Dall is doing the wood work using material selected by himself. Ripley & Dickey are the architects and have designed what is in exterior and interior a handsome and substantial building well adapted for business purposes and for the use of the theater in third story.

There will be a formal opening or dedication of the Progress block and theater when the building is finished. Mr. Desky will then invite the public to come and see what he had done in the way of giving to Honolulu its first up-to-date business structure. The present intention is to have a reception and dance.

BALTIMORE TRIP.

Target Practice—Maneuvering and Various Drills.

At 1 p. m. Saturday, the U. S. S. Baltimore returned from her trip to Lahaina, where she had target practice with both the large and small guns.

The target was the regulation triangular one, set out in open sea, the ship steaming around it and firing from distances varying from 1,000 to 3,000 yards.

The second day out was spent correcting the compasses, the third at

various sea maneuvers, and the fourth at a speed trial with all four of her boilers.

Both the target practice and the speed trial were very satisfactory, and showed the Baltimore to be a vessel which could be depended on under any emergency.

The boys were routed out of their comfortable hammocks on several occasions in the dead of night, to take stations at fire drill, collision and general quarters, and showed remarkable proficiency in each.

The trip was a pleasant one all through, as life aboard a ship becomes very monotonous when lying in port any length of time.

LABORERS.

Appointment Made of Several Hundred Japanese.

The Japanese immigrants who arrived on the Riojun-Maru, January 26th, have been assigned as follows: Hakalau—27 men, 10 women and 2 children.

Panauhau—100 men, 22 women and 5 children.

Kilauea—25 men, 6 women.

Haw. Sugar Co.—75 men, 20 women and 1 child.

Hutchinson Plantation—50 men, 12 women and 2 children.

Hilo—35 men, 6 women and 2 children.

Ookala—50 men, 11 women and 4 children.

Total—392 men, 87 women and 16 children.

The Hilo and Hakalau Japanese were sent away on the Lehua, Saturday. The others will be delivered during the week.

NEXT CONCERT.

Fine Entertainment Offered By Y. M. C. A. Orchestra.

The event of this week will undoubtedly be the orchestral concert to be given tomorrow evening, February 1st, at 8 o'clock in the large Y. M. C. A. hall for the benefit of that institution. Among the numbers will be a song by Mrs. E. D. Tenney with violin obligato by Mr. Marx. Miss Alice Rice, the able pianist will play. Miss Stella Love will recite. Mr. Frazer will execute a mandolin solo. Mr. Macurda the tenor and Mr. Wideman, a new baritone, will each give a vocal number. Then there will be four numbers by the amateur orchestra. The admission will be only 25 cents and tickets may be had of the General Secretary Mr. Coleman.

Hotel Party.

The special dinner and dance at the Hawaiian hotel, Saturday night, was one of the best that has been given since events of the kind were first instituted. The halls were very prettily decorated with ferns and palms. The dinner, the work of the new and most acceptable cook, Mr. Le Cantes, was enjoyed by all. The Quintette Club furnished music during the dinner and then on the lanai for the dance afterwards. There was present a goodly number of the elite of Honolulu.

Kailua Coffee Company.

The first annual meeting of the new Kailua Coffee Co., Ltd., has been held. The charter of incorporation granted by the Minister of Interior was accepted. The following officers, who will also constitute the directory, were elected:

President—F. M. Swanzy.
Vice-President—Tom May.
Secretary—T. Clive Davies.
Treasurer—W. G. Singlehurst.
Auditor—H. F. Lewis.

Poor Vaccine.

With the object of improving the methods of vaccination, the Japanese Government recently imported some vaccine from England, France, Germany, Belgium, Italy and Holland. On examination, the lymph was found to be of inferior quality compared with that produced there. It is supposed that it may have undergone deterioration by climatic influences on the voyage.

Fined \$25.

In the Police Court yesterday morning, A. E. Ingersoll, the apple merchant, appeared on the charge of selling foreign goods without a license. A fine of \$25 and costs was imposed by Judge Wilcox.

Mr. Ward L. Smith, of Fredericks-town, Mo., was troubled with chronic diarrhoea for over thirty years. He had become fully satisfied that it was only a question of a short time until he would have to give up. He had been treated by some of the best physicians in Europe and America but got no permanent relief. One day he picked up a newspaper and chanced to read an advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He got a bottle of it, the first dose helped him and its continued use cured him. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents of Hawaiian Islands.

OUTPUT OF OLEOMARGARINE.

It amounted to Over Forty-Five Million Pounds Last Year.

The production of oleomargarine during the last fiscal year amounted to 45,531,297 pounds. The production

in the previous year amounted to 50,533,234 pounds, and in 1895 to 56,958,165 pounds. Prior to 1894 the production of oleomargarine increased from 21,513,537 pounds in 1887 to 69,622,246 pounds in 1894. The decrease since 1894 is mainly attributable to hostile State legislation cutting off the privilege of sale as well as that of manufacture. Further legislation along this line is expected to cause a continued decrease in the production.

The number of manufacturing establishments from 157 to 103, and the number of retail houses from 4,330 to 3,539. The quantity exported during the year amounted to 3,148,407 pounds, which is a slight increase over the year 1896. Illinois continues to be the greatest State for the manufacture of this product, more than one-half the total output having been produced in the First District of Illinois. Rhode Island is second, with a total production of 7,112,433 pounds, and Kansas third, with 5,589,363 pounds. The stock on hand June 30, 1897, was 227,784 pounds, as against 336,404 pounds July 1, 1896. The total output since the act went into effect 10 years ago has been 565,953,866 pounds, and the total revenue from this source during the last fiscal year amounted to \$1,034,129.60.

In addition to heading the list in the manufacture of oleomargarine, Illinois consumes fully one-third of what it makes. In the State there are 1,065 retail establishments. Ohio is the second State in the use of the product and Pennsylvania third.

The District of Columbia is credited with two wholesale establishments, which pay \$450 a year each, and 63 establishments, which pay \$43 a year each. The amount consumed in the District cannot be ascertained.—Washington Star.

The London newspaper which has dropped the letter "u" in words like labor and color is now overwhelmed with protests from readers against this surrender to a demoralizing Americanism in spelling. Such butchery of the English tongue, they argue, should never be condoned.

THE BEST OF RESULTS.

ALWAYS FOLLOW THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Two Cases in Which They Restored Health and Strength After All Other Means Had Failed—What They Have Done for Others They Will Do for You.

From the Colborne Express.

There are few if any people in Murray township (Canada) to whom the name of Chase is not familiar. Mr. Jacob Chase has been a great sufferer from rheumatism, as all his neighbors know, but has fortunately succeeded in getting rid of the disease. To a reporter he gave the following particulars. I had been a sufferer from rheumatism for upwards of twenty years, at times being confined to the house. At one time I was laid up for sixteen weeks, and during a portion of that time was confined to my bed, and perfectly helpless. I had the benefit of excellent medical treatment, but it was of no avail. I believe, too, that I have tried every medicine advertised for the cure of rheumatism, and I am sure I expended at least \$200 and got nothing more at any time than the merest temporary relief. At last I was induced to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, and from that time I date my good fortune in getting rid of the disease. I continued using them for several months and daily found that the trouble that had made my life miserable for so many years was disappearing, and at last all traces of pain had left me and I was cured. I say cured, for I have not since had a recurrence of the trouble.

As proving the diversity of troubles for which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a cure it may also be mentioned that they restored Mrs. Frank Chase, a daughter-in-law of the gentleman above referred to, to health and strength after all other means had apparently failed. Mrs. Chase says: "I can scarcely tell what my trouble was, for even doctors could not agree as to the nature of it. One said it was consumption of the stomach, while another was equally emphatic in declaring that it was liver trouble. One thing I do know, and that is for years I was a sick woman. I know that I was afflicted with neuralgia, my blood was poor, and I was subject to depressing headaches. My appetite was not good at any time, and the least exertion left me weak and despondent. A lady friend who had been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advised me to try them, and as they had also cured my father-in-law, I determined to do so, and I have much cause for rejoicing that I did, for you can easily see that they have made a well woman of me. I took the pills steadily for a couple of months, and at the end of that time was enjoying the blessing of good health. It gives me much pleasure to be able to bear public testimony to the value of this wonderful medicine."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

Absolutely true and perfect.

WASHBURN

GUITARS AND MANDOLINS

They have no equals. Made by Washburn & Sons, Chicago, U. S. A. who will be pleased to send a beautiful catalogue, containing details of all their artists' post-free. Write for it. Ask your local music dealer for Washburn & Sons' Guitars, Mandolins, Banjos, and Orchestras. Instruments. They are the best made and sold at the most reasonable prices. The same quality are plainly branded.

LYON & Co., Ltd.,
Manufacturers of Musical Instruments a year.
CHICAGO, U. S. A.



INSTANT RELIEF FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

and rest for tired, worn-out parents in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a gentle anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure.

The only speedy, safe, permanent, and economical cure for the most distressing of itching, burning, bleeding, and scaly skin and scalp humors of infants and children. CUTICURA REMEDIES are guaranteed absolutely pure by chemists of the highest standing, and may be used from the moment of birth.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "How to Cure Skin-Tortured Babies," post free.

BABY SOAPS. For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants, and eradicating the first symptoms of distressing rashes, nothing so pure, so sweet, so wholesome, as CUTICURA SOAP, the greatest of skin purifying and beautifying soaps, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. For pimples, blotches, red, rough, oily, mothy skin, dry, chapped, and itching hair, red, rough hands, it is simply incomparable. It produces the whitest, clearest skin, the softest hands, and most luxuriant hair. Absolutely pure, delicately medicated, exquisitely perfumed, surprisingly effective.

No Paper! All Tobacco!

GENUINE MANILA CIGARETTES.

Manufactured Expressly For This Market.

These Cigarettes are manufactured from the choicest Manila Tobacco with Manila Tobacco Wrapper and furnish a delightful short smoke.

Constantly on hand a fine Assortment of HAVANA and MANILA CIGARS and a full line of Pipe, Cigarette and Chewing Tobaccos, manufactured by P. LORILLARD CO., and other prominent American Tobacco Companies.

HOLLISTER & CO.,

Tobacconists.

Corner Fort and Merchant Sts.

G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.
E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCIUM FERTILIZER,
SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.
Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.
All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.
For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

ROBERT CATTON.

212 Queen Street, Honolulu.

AGENT FOR

THE MIRRLEES, WATSON & YARYAN CO., LD.

Sugar Machinery

WATSON, LAIDLAW & CO.

Centrifugals and Cream Separators.

JOHN FOWLER & CO. (LEEDS), LD.

Steam Ploughs and Portable Railway.

THE RISON IRON WORKS General Engineering.

MARCUS MASON & CO., Coffee and Rice Machinery.

J. HARRISON CARTER Disintegrators.



Vapo-Cresolene

WHOOPIING COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, CATARRH, COLDS.

CRESOLENE being administered by inhalation gives the safest and most effective means of treating the throat and bronchial tubes. Its efficiency in Whooping Cough and Croup is wonderful. Its antiseptic virtues render it invaluable in contagious diseases, as Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, etc. Descriptive booklet with testimonials free. Sold by druggists.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Honolulu, H. I., Agents.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Genl. Agts.

CASTLE & COOKE IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR
New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. OF BOSTON.

Etna Fire Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

J. S. WALKER, General Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company.

Alliance Assurance Company, Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

WILHELMA OF MADDEBURG INSURANCE COMPANY.

San Life Insurance Company of Canada, Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

INSURANCE
Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS FOR
FIRE, LIFE and MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co. Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO., LD., Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LD., Agents.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1896,

1. Authorized Capital—£2,000,000 £ s d

Subscribed " " 2,750,000

Paid up Capital— 687,500 0 0

2. Fire Funds— 2,650,530 15 6

3. Life and Annuity Funds— 9,500,182 2 8

4. General Reserve Funds— 412,964,232 14 8

Revenue Fire Branch— 1,577,028 17 9

Revenue Life and Annuity Branches— 1,404,307 9 11

24,681,736 7 4

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reinsurance— 6,000,000

Capital their reinsurance companies— 101,650,000

Total reinsurance— 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reinsurance— 8,500,000

Capital their reinsurance companies— 35,000,000

Total reinsurance— 43,500,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Ltd.

WIND AND WAVE.

S. S. Peru and Australia are due today from San Francisco.

The S. S. Mauna Loa sails tomorrow for Maui and Hawaii.

The Fort George will sail in ballast for Port Townsend next week.

The Spokane sailed in ballast for the Sound early Sunday afternoon.

The Fort George, soon to sail, will take ballast from the S. P. Hitchcock.

The Geo. C. Perkins sailed for Kahului to load sugar, Saturday afternoon.

The Iwalani came in from Hawaii ports yesterday morning with news of very rough weather.

The bark C. D. Bryant was 15 miles off at sun down last evening. She will come in this forenoon.

The Baltimore while on the target practice cruise, using one-half her power, made 12 knots an hour.

A Hilo packet, the Hawaiian bark Roderick Dhu, left San Francisco with a full cargo for the big island capital on January 19.

Jack Sterling, the horseman is a new discharging officer on the water front. He is tallying out the cargo of the bark Ceylon.

Another cargo of lumber for the Oahu Lumber and Building Company has arrived from the Sound on the American schooner Defender.

A ship master, Captain Morse of the Hawaiian vessel Fort George was fined \$5 in Police Court yesterday after pleading guilty to striking one of his men.

The American bark Ceylon, Calhoun master, arrived in port yesterday morning, 24 days from Seattle, Wash., with a cargo of general merchandise for Allen & Robinson.

The purser of the Waialeale reports the Kaala very badly off Kahuku. The wind, an anchor and some chains have been recovered and there are hopes that the boiler may be gotten ashore safely.

The American schooner Defender, J. D. Hellingens master, arrived in port yesterday afternoon, 20 days from Port Aberdeen, Wash., with a cargo of \$20,000 feet of lumber for the O. L. & B. Co. She had fair weather all the way.

The James Makee arrived in port Sunday morning with the following report: Weather moderating on Kauai. Could not load at Kapaa on account of there not being enough water. Vessel began thumping on the bottom and we went to Hanalei to load.

Laird Brothers have launched for the British Government, from their well-known works at Birkenhead, the largest and fastest torpedo boat destroyer afloat. The Express, as she is named, is 235 feet long, and her speed will be 33 knots, which is equal to nearly 33 miles an hour.—Ex.

The Waialeale arrived from Kahuku at noon Sunday. Purser Pickard reports as follows: "It was blowing hard throughout the week at Kahuku. On Saturday, fine weather set in and we were enabled to get a load of sugar. Kahuku has shut down for a few days for repairs. There are now 7,000 bags of sugar at that place."

The American ship H. B. Hyde, Colcord master, arrived in port and hauled alongside the Oceanic wharf at about 7:30 o'clock Sunday evening after a splendid trip of 9 days, 4½ hours from San Francisco which port she left on January 21st. The Hyde has 550 tons of ballast. She is consigned to Castle & Cooke.

The American ship S. P. Hitchcock, E. V. Gates master, arrived in port Saturday morning, 9 days 7 hours from San Francisco. She is now in the stream waiting to discharge ballast and load sugar. The Hitchcock comes to C. Brewer & Co. One passenger, Mr. E. W. Arnold, came in transit from New York.

The Hawaiian bark Mauna Ala, Wm. Smith master, arrived in port early yesterday morning after an uneventful trip from San Francisco from which port she sailed on January 14th. A fair wind was met with throughout the voyage. The Mauna Ala brought 1,427 tons of general merchandise for the California Feed Co.

The Ward Line has placed a contract for two new 5,000 ton twin screw steel steamers with Cramp's Shipbuilding Co. They will be next to the St. Louis and the St. Paul, the largest merchant vessels built here. The contract provides for a speed of not less than 16 knots and the vessels, when completed, will equal the finest ever launched from American ship yards. In case of war they can easily be converted into cruisers.—N. Y. Maritime Register.

The Mauna Loa arrived from Kau, Kona and Maui early yesterday morning. Purser Tuft kindly furnished the following report:

"The Kau coast was very rough. A north east gale blew all week. The Ke Au Hou could not land any heavy machinery. A great deal of rain during the latter part of the week. The Hamakua coast is very rough. The Iwalani is weatherbound off Walpole gulch. She discharged her Kukuihaele freight on the day of arrival, but could do nothing after that. Sugar left: P. S. M., 1,800 bags; H. S. Co., 10,000; Lahaina, 5,000."

Notice to Ship Captains.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observations suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters which they frequent.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any

other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES,
Lieutenant, United States Navy.

Those weak-cheap baking powders waste money.

Schilling's Best baking powder is strong—not with alum, but with good honest baking powder strength.

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

VESSELS IN PORT.

NAVAL.

U. S. S. Bennington, Commander Nichols, from cruise about Maui.

U. S. S. Baltimore, Dyer, from cruise to Lahaina, January 29.

MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.)

Am. ship Tillie E. Starbuck, Curtis, Newcastle, October 23.

Am. bk. R. P. Rithet, Thompson, San Francisco, December 13.

Am. bk. A. W. Spies, Godett, New York, December 13.

Am. bktn. S. G. Wilder, McNeil, San Francisco, December 20.

Am. schr. Martha Davis, Soule, San Francisco, December 26.

Am. ship W. F. Babcock, Graham, Baltimore, Md., January 4.

Am. bktn. Arago, Greenleaf, Westport, N. Z., January 4.

Am. bk. Edward May, Johnson, New York, January 7.

Br. bk. Gwinnett, Davies, Liverpool, via Caliao, January 9.

Am. schr. Aloha, Dabel, San Francisco, Jan. 12.

Am. bk. Alden Besse, Potter, San Francisco, Jan. 12.

Am. bk. S. C. Allen, Johnson, San Francisco, Jan. 12.

Haw. bk. Andrew Welch, Drew, San Francisco, Jan. 15.

Haw. sp. Fort George, Morse, Nanaimo, B. C., Jan. 16.

Am. bk. Kate Davenport, Reynolds, Seattle, Jan. 16.

Am. bk. Mohican, Saunders, San Francisco, January 23.

Am. bktn. S. N. Castle, Hubbard, San Francisco, January 26.

Haw. bk. Mauna Ala, Smith, San Francisco, January 28.

Am. ship S. P. Hitchcock, Gates, San Francisco, January 29.

Am. ship H. B. Hyde, Colcord, San Francisco, January 30.

Am. schr. Defender, Hellingens, Port Aberdeen, Wash., January 30.

ARRIVALS.

Friday, January 28.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Maui and Hawaii ports.

Haw. bk. Mauna Ala, Smith, from San Francisco.

Saturday, January 29.

Stmr. Mokoli, Bennett, from Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.

Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, from Kauai ports.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Lahaina.

Stmr. Kaena, Mosher, from Oahu ports.

Am. ship S. P. Hitchcock, Gates, from San Francisco.

Sunday, January 30.

Br. S. S. Mogul, Wright, from Yokohama.

Stmr. Waialeale, Parker, from Kahuku.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, from Kauai ports.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, from Maui ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, from Hanalei.

Am. ship H. B. Hyde, Colcord, from San Francisco.

Am. schr. Defender, Hellingens, from Port Aberdeen, Wash.

Monday, January 31.

Am. bk. Ceylon, Calhoun, from Seattle, Wash.

Stmr. Iwalani, Gregory, from Hawaii.

DEPARTURES.

Friday, January 28.

Stmr. Kaena, Mosher, for Puukia.

Saturday, January 29.

Stmr. Lehua, Andrews, for Honolulu, Honohina, Hakalau and Pohakulanu.

Haw. bk. Diamond Head, Ward, for Port Blakely.

Am. bktn. Geo. C. Perkins, Maas, for Kahului to load sugar.

Sunday, January 30.

Am. schr. Spokane, Jamison, for the Sound.

Br. S. S. Mogul, Wright, for the Sound.

Monday, January 31.

Stmr. Kaena, Mosher, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, for Kapaa.

Stmr. Waialeale, Parker, for Punaluu and Kahuku.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Kauai ports.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, for Hanalei.

Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, for Makaweli, Waimea and Kekaha.

Stmr. Mokoli, Bennett, for Lahaina, Molokai and Lanai.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr. Iwalani, Gregory, for Lahaina, Honokaa and Kukuhaele.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Nawiliwili, Eleele, Koloa and Hanalei at 5 p. m.

Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, for Lahaina, Kahului, Keanae, Hana, Hamoa, Kipahulu and Nuu at 5 p. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr. Mauna Loa, January 28—Kau:

J. E. Miller, James Barry, Tom Patton, Fred. Edler and wife. Kona: Miss M. J. Davis, Maalaea: G. P. Wilder, M. R. Sims, Miss H. Robertson. Lahaina: J. W. Smithies.

From Maui ports, per stmr. Claudine, January 30—W. H. Cornwell, C. Bolte, Mrs. Josepha, W. D. Braden, M. T. Lyons, E. Montgomery, W. Scott, C. E. Haynes, Miss Judd, W. J. Coelho and child, E. Bailey, W. H. Bailey, Jr., J. M. Kaneakua, Akuna and 24 deck.

From Kauai ports, per stmr. Kauai, January 29—D. J. Laird, W. B. Smith, Ako and 6 on deck.

From Hanalei, per stmr. James Makee, January 30—Mr. Fairchild and 4 on deck.

From Kauai ports, per stmr. W. G. Hall, January 30—W. H. Rice and son, J. S. McCandless, A. St. M. Mackintosh, Miss Mabel Hart, Mrs. E. Mahiku, J. Kamanuwa and 38 on deck.

IMPORTS.

From Seattle, Wash., per bk. Ceylon, January 31—20,000 bbls. lime, 447 bbls. shooks, 5,440 sks. flour, 3,225 sks. bran, 800 bundles shingles, 8,000 railroad ties.

BORN.

FENNEL—In Punaluu, Kau, Hawaii, January 23, 1898, to the wife of W. P. Fennel, a son.

DECKER—In this city, January 29, 1898, to the wife of S. Decker, a son.

TAYLOR—In this city, at the Maternity Home, January 30, 1898, to the wife of J. E. Taylor, a son.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.									
By the Government Survey. Published Every Monday.									
DATE.	BAROM.			THERM.		WIND.	CLOUDS.	MOON.	FALG.
	9 A.M.	3 P.M.	6 P.M.	Max.	Min.				
JAN.	30.07	30.14	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
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	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
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	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
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	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70	69	ENE	5	1	4
	30.07	30.13	30.07	70					

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

DAY.	Jan. Prob.	High Tide Large	High Tide Small	Low Tide Large	Low Tide Small	Sun Rise.	Sun Set.	Moon Rise	Moon Set.
Mon	31	a.m. 11 10	p.m. 5 4			8 11	6 38	5 50	p.m. 0 58
Tue		1 04	0 40	5 1		9 06	6 37	5 51	1 47
Wed		1 12	1 30	6 15		9 14	6 35	5 51	2 58
Thu		1 15	2 2	7 1		9 21	6 34	5 52	4 8
Fri		2 28	3 4	7 57		9 49	6 26	5 52	4 27
Sat		3 00	3 47	10 5		9 46	6 28	5 54	5 13
Sun		6 30	4 12	10 26		9 29	6 35	5 53	6 21